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LED LCD TV

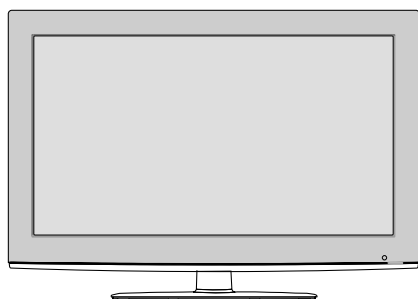
SERVICE MANUAL

CHASSIS : LA0AC

MODEL : 42LV355C 42LV355C-UA

CAUTION

BEFORE SERVICING THE CHASSIS,
READ THE SAFETY PRECAUTIONS IN THIS MANUAL.



P/NO : MFL67234706(1109-REV00)

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SAFETY PRECAUTIONS

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Many electrical and mechanical parts in this chassis have special safety-related characteristics. These parts are identified by \triangle in the Schematic Diagram and Exploded View.

It is essential that these special safety parts should be replaced with the same components as recommended in this manual to prevent Shock, Fire, or other Hazards.

Do not modify the original design without permission of manufacturer.

General Guidance

An **isolation Transformer should always be used** during the servicing of a receiver whose chassis is not isolated from the AC power line. Use a transformer of adequate power rating as this protects the technician from accidents resulting in personal injury from electrical shocks.

It will also protect the receiver and its components from being damaged by accidental shorts of the circuitry that may be inadvertently introduced during the service operation.

If any fuse (or Fusible Resistor) in this TV receiver is blown, replace it with the specified.

When replacing a high wattage resistor (Oxide Metal Film Resistor, over 1W), keep the resistor 10mm away from PCB.

Keep wires away from high voltage or high temperature parts.

Before returning the receiver to the customer,

always perform an **AC leakage current check** on the exposed metallic parts of the cabinet, such as antennas, terminals, etc., to be sure the set is safe to operate without damage of electrical shock.

Leakage Current Cold Check(Antenna Cold Check)

With the instrument AC plug removed from AC source, connect an electrical jumper across the two AC plug prongs. Place the AC switch in the on position, connect one lead of ohm-meter to the AC plug prongs tied together and touch other ohm-meter lead in turn to each exposed metallic parts such as antenna terminals, phone jacks, etc.

If the exposed metallic part has a return path to the chassis, the measured resistance should be between $1M\Omega$ and $5.2M\Omega$.

When the exposed metal has no return path to the chassis the reading must be infinite.

An other abnormality exists that must be corrected before the receiver is returned to the customer.

Leakage Current Hot Check (See below Figure)

Plug the AC cord directly into the AC outlet.

Do not use a line Isolation Transformer during this check.

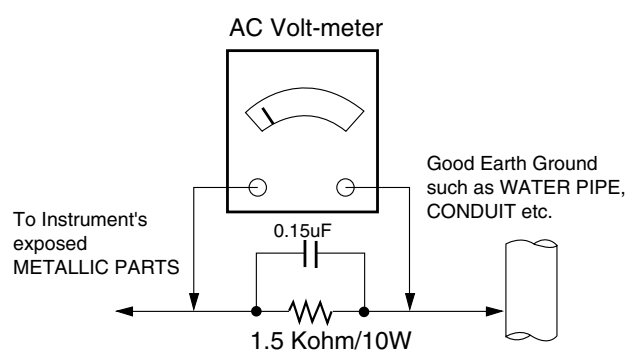
Connect 1.5K/10watt resistor in parallel with a 0.15uF capacitor between a known good earth ground (Water Pipe, Conduit, etc.) and the exposed metallic parts.

Measure the AC voltage across the resistor using AC voltmeter with 1000 ohms/volt or more sensitivity.

Reverse plug the AC cord into the AC outlet and repeat AC voltage measurements for each exposed metallic part. Any voltage measured must not exceed 0.75 volt RMS which corresponds to 0.5mA.

In case any measurement is out of the limits specified, there is possibility of shock hazard and the set must be checked and repaired before it is returned to the customer.

Leakage Current Hot Check circuit



SERVICING PRECAUTIONS

CAUTION: Before servicing receivers covered by this service manual and its supplements and addenda, read and follow the **SAFETY PRECAUTIONS** on page 3 of this publication.

NOTE: If unforeseen circumstances create conflict between the following servicing precautions and any of the safety precautions on page 3 of this publication, always follow the safety precautions. Remember: Safety First.

General Servicing Precautions

1. Always unplug the receiver AC power cord from the AC power source before;
 - a. Removing or reinstalling any component, circuit board module or any other receiver assembly.
 - b. Disconnecting or reconnecting any receiver electrical plug or other electrical connection.
 - c. Connecting a test substitute in parallel with an electrolytic capacitor in the receiver.**CAUTION:** A wrong part substitution or incorrect polarity installation of electrolytic capacitors may result in an explosion hazard.

2. Test high voltage only by measuring it with an appropriate high voltage meter or other voltage measuring device (DVM, FETVOM, etc) equipped with a suitable high voltage probe. Do not test high voltage by "drawing an arc".
3. Do not spray chemicals on or near this receiver or any of its assemblies.
4. Unless specified otherwise in this service manual, clean electrical contacts only by applying the following mixture to the contacts with a pipe cleaner, cotton-tipped stick or comparable non-abrasive applicator; 10% (by volume) Acetone and 90% (by volume) isopropyl alcohol (90%-99% strength)
CAUTION: This is a flammable mixture.
Unless specified otherwise in this service manual, lubrication of contacts is not required.
5. Do not defeat any plug/socket B+ voltage interlocks with which receivers covered by this service manual might be equipped.
6. Do not apply AC power to this instrument and/or any of its electrical assemblies unless all solid-state device heat sinks are correctly installed.
7. Always connect the test receiver ground lead to the receiver chassis ground before connecting the test receiver positive lead.
Always remove the test receiver ground lead last.
8. Use with this receiver only the test fixtures specified in this service manual.
CAUTION: Do not connect the test fixture ground strap to any heat sink in this receiver.

Electrostatically Sensitive (ES) Devices

Some semiconductor (solid-state) devices can be damaged easily by static electricity. Such components commonly are called *Electrostatically Sensitive (ES) Devices*. Examples of typical ES devices are integrated circuits and some field-effect transistors and semiconductor "chip" components. The following techniques should be used to help reduce the incidence of component damage caused by static by static electricity.

1. Immediately before handling any semiconductor component or semiconductor-equipped assembly, drain off any electrostatic charge on your body by touching a known earth ground. Alternatively, obtain and wear a commercially available discharging wrist strap device, which should be removed to prevent potential shock reasons prior to applying power to the

unit under test.

2. After removing an electrical assembly equipped with ES devices, place the assembly on a conductive surface such as aluminum foil, to prevent electrostatic charge buildup or exposure of the assembly.
3. Use only a grounded-tip soldering iron to solder or unsolder ES devices.
4. Use only an anti-static type solder removal device. Some solder removal devices not classified as "anti-static" can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ES devices.
5. Do not use freon-propelled chemicals. These can generate electrical charges sufficient to damage ES devices.
6. Do not remove a replacement ES device from its protective package until immediately before you are ready to install it. (Most replacement ES devices are packaged with leads electrically shorted together by conductive foam, aluminum foil or comparable conductive material).
7. Immediately before removing the protective material from the leads of a replacement ES device, touch the protective material to the chassis or circuit assembly into which the device will be installed.
CAUTION: Be sure no power is applied to the chassis or circuit, and observe all other safety precautions.
8. Minimize bodily motions when handling unpackaged replacement ES devices. (Otherwise harmless motion such as the brushing together of your clothes fabric or the lifting of your foot from a carpeted floor can generate static electricity sufficient to damage an ES device.)

General Soldering Guidelines

1. Use a grounded-tip, low-wattage soldering iron and appropriate tip size and shape that will maintain tip temperature within the range or 500°F to 600°F.
2. Use an appropriate gauge of RMA resin-core solder composed of 60 parts tin/40 parts lead.
3. Keep the soldering iron tip clean and well tinned.
4. Thoroughly clean the surfaces to be soldered. Use a mall wire-bristle (0.5 inch, or 1.25cm) brush with a metal handle. Do not use freon-propelled spray-on cleaners.
5. Use the following unsoldering technique
 - a. Allow the soldering iron tip to reach normal temperature. (500°F to 600°F)
 - b. Heat the component lead until the solder melts.
 - c. Quickly draw the melted solder with an anti-static, suction-type solder removal device or with solder braid.
CAUTION: Work quickly to avoid overheating the circuit board printed foil.
6. Use the following soldering technique.
 - a. Allow the soldering iron tip to reach a normal temperature (500°F to 600°F)
 - b. First, hold the soldering iron tip and solder the strand against the component lead until the solder melts.
 - c. Quickly move the soldering iron tip to the junction of the component lead and the printed circuit foil, and hold it there only until the solder flows onto and around both the component lead and the foil.
CAUTION: Work quickly to avoid overheating the circuit board printed foil.
 - d. Closely inspect the solder area and remove any excess or splashed solder with a small wire-bristle brush.

IC Remove/Replacement

Some chassis circuit boards have slotted holes (oblong) through which the IC leads are inserted and then bent flat against the circuit foil. When holes are the slotted type, the following technique should be used to remove and replace the IC. When working with boards using the familiar round hole, use the standard technique as outlined in paragraphs 5 and 6 above.

Removal

1. Desolder and straighten each IC lead in one operation by gently prying up on the lead with the soldering iron tip as the solder melts.
2. Draw away the melted solder with an anti-static suction-type solder removal device (or with solder braid) before removing the IC.

Replacement

1. Carefully insert the replacement IC in the circuit board.
2. Carefully bend each IC lead against the circuit foil pad and solder it.
3. Clean the soldered areas with a small wire-bristle brush.
(It is not necessary to reapply acrylic coating to the areas).

"Small-Signal" Discrete Transistor

Removal/Replacement

1. Remove the defective transistor by clipping its leads as close as possible to the component body.
2. Bend into a "U" shape the end of each of three leads remaining on the circuit board.
3. Bend into a "U" shape the replacement transistor leads.
4. Connect the replacement transistor leads to the corresponding leads extending from the circuit board and crimp the "U" with long nose pliers to insure metal to metal contact then solder each connection.

Power Output, Transistor Device

Removal/Replacement

1. Heat and remove all solder from around the transistor leads.
2. Remove the heat sink mounting screw (if so equipped).
3. Carefully remove the transistor from the heat sink of the circuit board.
4. Insert new transistor in the circuit board.
5. Solder each transistor lead, and clip off excess lead.
6. Replace heat sink.

Diode Removal/Replacement

1. Remove defective diode by clipping its leads as close as possible to diode body.
2. Bend the two remaining leads perpendicular y to the circuit board.
3. Observing diode polarity, wrap each lead of the new diode around the corresponding lead on the circuit board.
4. Securely crimp each connection and solder it.
5. Inspect (on the circuit board copper side) the solder joints of the two "original" leads. If they are not shiny, reheat them and if necessary, apply additional solder.

Fuse and Conventional Resistor

Removal/Replacement

1. Clip each fuse or resistor lead at top of the circuit board hollow stake.
2. Securely crimp the leads of replacement component around notch at stake top.
3. Solder the connections.

CAUTION: Maintain original spacing between the replaced component and adjacent components and the circuit board to prevent excessive component temperatures.

Circuit Board Foil Repair

Excessive heat applied to the copper foil of any printed circuit board will weaken the adhesive that bonds the foil to the circuit board causing the foil to separate from or "lift-off" the board. The following guidelines and procedures should be followed whenever this condition is encountered.

At IC Connections

To repair a defective copper pattern at IC connections use the following procedure to install a jumper wire on the copper pattern side of the circuit board. (Use this technique only on IC connections).

1. Carefully remove the damaged copper pattern with a sharp knife. (Remove only as much copper as absolutely necessary).
2. Carefully scratch away the solder resist and acrylic coating (if used) from the end of the remaining copper pattern.
3. Bend a small "U" in one end of a small gauge jumper wire and carefully crimp it around the IC pin. Solder the IC connection.
4. Route the jumper wire along the path of the out-away copper pattern and let it overlap the previously scraped end of the good copper pattern. Solder the overlapped area and clip off any excess jumper wire.

At Other Connections

Use the following technique to repair the defective copper pattern at connections other than IC Pins. This technique involves the installation of a jumper wire on the component side of the circuit board.

1. Remove the defective copper pattern with a sharp knife.
Remove at least 1/4 inch of copper, to ensure that a hazardous condition will not exist if the jumper wire opens.
2. Trace along the copper pattern from both sides of the pattern break and locate the nearest component that is directly connected to the affected copper pattern.
3. Connect insulated 20-gauge jumper wire from the lead of the nearest component on one side of the pattern break to the lead of the nearest component on the other side.
Carefully crimp and solder the connections.

CAUTION: Be sure the insulated jumper wire is dressed so the it does not touch components or sharp edges.

SPECIFICATION

NOTE : Specifications and others are subject to change without notice for improvement.

1. Application range

This spec sheet is applied LCD TV with LA0AC chassis.

2. Requirement for Test

Each part is tested as below without special appointment.

- 1) Temperature: 25 °C ± 5 °C
- 2) Relative Humidity: 65 ± 10 %
- 3) Power Voltage : Standard input voltage(100-240V~, 50/60Hz)
* Standard Voltage of each product is marked by models
- 4) Specification and performance of each parts are followed each drawing and specification by part number in accordance with BOM.
- 5) The receiver must be operated for about 5 minutes prior to the adjustment.

3. Test method

- 1) Performance: LGE TV test method followed
- 2) Demanded other specification
 - Safety : UL, CSA, IEC specification
 - EMC: FCC, ICES, IEC specification

4. General Specification(TV)

No	Item	Specification		Remark
1	Receivable System	1) ATSC / NTSC-M		
2	Available Channel	1) VHF : 02 ~ 13 2) UHF : 14 ~ 69 3) DTV : 02 ~ 69 4) CATV : 01 ~ 135 5) CADTV : 01 ~ 135		
3	Input Voltage	1) AC 100 - 240V~ 50/60Hz		Mark : 110V, 60Hz (N.America)
4	Market	North America		
5	Screen Size	22 inch Wide (1920x1080)	FHD + 60Hz	22LV255C-UA_AUO
		26 inch Wide (1366x768)	HD + 60Hz	26LV255C-UA_AUO
		42 inch Wide (1920x1080)	FHD + 60Hz	42LV355C-UA_LGD
		55 inch Wide (1920x1080)	FHD + 120Hz	55LV355C-UA_LGD
6	Aspect Ratio	16:9		
7	Tuning System	FS		
8	Module	AUO(M215HW01-VB)	AUO	22LV255C-UA_AUO
		AUO(T260XW06-V3)	AUO	26LV255C-UA_AUO
		LGD(LC420EUN-SDV3)	LGD	42LV355C-UA_LGD
		LGD(LC550EUF-SDA1)	LGD	55LV355C-UA_LGD
9	Operating Environment	Temp : 0 ~ 40 deg		
		Humidity : ~ 80 %		
10	Storage Environment	Temp : -20 ~ 60 deg		
		Humidity : -85 %		

5. Chrominance & Luminance (Edge LED models)

No.	Item			Min	Typ	Max	Unit		Remarks
1	White brightness			70	120		cd/m²	AUO	22LV255C-UA
				100	150			AUO	26LV255C-UA
				150	250			LGD	42LV355C-UA
				180	250			LGD	55LV355C-UA
2	Luminance uniformity (22 Edge LED)			75			%		Full White
	Luminance uniformity (26 Edge LED)			77					
	Luminance uniformity (42 Edge LED)			77					
	Luminance uniformity (55 Edge LED)			77					
3	Color coordinate (22 Edge LED)	RED	X	Typ. -0.03	0.635	Typ.			22LV255C-UA (AUO)
			Y		0.349	+0.03			
		GREEN	X		0.332				
			Y		0.619				
		BLUE	X		0.155				
			Y		0.055				
		WHITE	X		0.313				
			Y		0.329				
	Color coordinate (26 Edge LED)	RED	X	Typ. -0.03	0.630	Typ.			26LV255C-UA (AUO)
			Y		0.340	+0.03			
		GREEN	X		0.340				
			Y		0.620				
		BLUE	X		0.150				
			Y		0.040				
		WHITE	X		0.280				
			Y		0.290				
	Color coordinate (42 Edge LED)	RED	X	Typ. -0.03	0.637	Typ.			42LV355C-UA (AUO))
			Y		0.341	+0.03			
		GREEN	X		0.325				
			Y		0.600				
		BLUE	X		0.152				
			Y		0.051				
		WHITE	X		0.279				
			Y		0.292				
	Color coordinate (55 Edge LED)	RED	X	Typ. -0.03	0.649	Typ.			55LV355C-UA (AUO)
			Y		0.333	+0.03			
		GREEN	X		0.308				
			Y		0.607				
		BLUE	X		0.150				
			Y		0.060				
		WHITE	X		0.279				
			Y		0.292				
4	Color coordinate uniformity						0.634		N/A

No.	Item		Min	Typ	Max	Unit		Remarks
5	Contrast ratio (Module)		600	1000				22LV255C-UA (AUO)
			2400	3000				26LV255C-UA (AUO)
			1000	1400				42LV355C-UA (AUO)
			2400	3000				55LV355C-UA (AUO)
	Contrast ratio (DCR)		800,000:1		1,000,000:1		All	Global Dimming (Normal Dimming)
6	Color Temperature	COOL	0.283	0.285	0.287		9300K	22LV255C-UA (AUO)
			0.291	0.293	0.295			** The W/B Tolerance is ±0.015 for picture quality by DQA
		MEDIUM	0.293	0.295	0.297		8000K	
			0.303	0.305	0.307			
		WARM	0.311	0.313	0.315		6500K	
			0.327	0.329	0.331			
7	Color Temperature	COOL	0.254	0.269	0.284		13000K	26LV255C-UA (AUO)
			0.258	0.273	0.288			42/55LV355C-UA (AUO)
		MEDIUM	0.270	0.285	0.300		9300K	** The W/B Tolerance is ±0.015 for picture quality by DQA
			0.278	0.293	0.308			
		WARM	0.298	0.3130	0.324		6500K	
			0.314	0.329	0.344			
8	Response time		3		9	ms		G to G N/A

6. Component Video Input (Y, C_B/P_B, C_R/P_R)

No	Resolution	H-freq(kHz)	V-freq.(kHz)	Pixel clock	Proposed
1.	720*480	15.73	60	13.5135	SDTV ,DVD 480I
2.	720*480	15.73	59.94	13.5	SDTV ,DVD 480I
3.	720*480	31.50	60	27.027	SDTV 480P
4.	720*480	31.47	59.94	27.0	SDTV 480P
5.	1280*720	45.00	60.00	74.25	HDTV 720P
6.	1280*720	44.96	59.94	74.176	HDTV 720P
7.	1920*1080	33.75	60.00	74.25	HDTV 1080I
8.	1920*1080	33.72	59.94	74.176	HDTV 1080I
9.	1920*1080	67.500	60	148.50	HDTV 1080P
10.	1920*1080	67.432	59.94	148.352	HDTV 1080P
11.	1920*1080	27.000	24.000	74.25	HDTV 1080P
12.	1920*1080	26.97	23.976	74.176	HDTV 1080P
13.	1920*1080	33.75	30.000	74.25	HDTV 1080P
14.	1920*1080	33.71	29.97	74.0176	HDTV 1080P

7. RGB Input (PC)

No	Resolution	H-freq(kHz)	V-freq.(kHz)	Pixel clock		Proposed	
	PC						DDC
1.	640*350	31.468	70.09	25.17		EGA	X
2.	720*400	31.469	70.08	28.32		DOS	O
3.	640*480	31.469	59.94	25.17		VESA(VGA)	O
4.	800*600	37.879	60.31	40.00		VESA(SVGA)	O
5.	1024*768	48.363	60.00	65.00		VESA(XGA)	O
6.	1280*768	47.776	59.870	79.5		CVT(WXGA)	X
7.	1360*768	47.712	60.015	85.50		VESA(WXGA)	X

8. HDMI input (PC/DTV)

No	Resolution	H-freq(kHz)	V-freq.(kHz)	Pixel clock		Proposed	
	PC						DDC
1.	640*350	31.468	70.09	25.17		EGA	X
2.	720*400	31.469	70.08	28.32		DOS	O
3.	640*480	31.469	59.94	25.17		VESA(VGA)	O
4.	800*600	37.879	60.31	40.00		VESA(SVGA)	O
5.	1024*768	48.363	60.00	65.00		VESA(XGA)	O
6.	1280*768	47.776	59.870	79.5		CVT(WXGA)	X
7.	1360*768	47.712	60.015	85.50		VESA(WXGA)	O
	DTV						
1	720*480	31.47	60	27.027		SDTV 480P	
2	720*480	31.47	59.94	27.00		SDTV 480P	
3	1280*720	45.00	60.00	74.25		HDTV 720P	
4	1280*720	44.96	59.94	74.176		HDTV 720P	
5	1920*1080	33.75	60.00	74.25		HDTV 1080I	
6	1920*1080	33.72	59.94	74.176		HDTV 1080I	
7	1920*1080	67.500	60	148.50		HDTV 1080P	
8	1920*1080	67.432	59.939	148.352		HDTV 1080P	
9	1920*1080	27.000	24.000	74.25		HDTV 1080P	
10	1920*1080	26.97	23.976	74.176		HDTV 1080P	
11	1920*1080	33.75	30.000	74.25		HDTV 1080P	
12	1920*1080	33.71	29.97	74.176		HDTV 1080P	

ADJUSTMENT INSTRUCTION

1. Application range

This spec. sheet applies to LA0AC Chassis applied LED LCD TV all models manufactured in TV factory.

2. Specification

- 2.1 Because this is not a hot chassis, it is not necessary to use an isolation transformer. However, the use of isolation transformer will help protect test instrument.
- 2.2 Adjustment must be done in the correct order.
- 2.3 The adjustment must be performed in the circumstance of $25\pm5^{\circ}\text{C}$ of temperature and $65\pm10\%$ of relative humidity
- 2.4 The input voltage of the receiver must keep 100~240V~, 50/60Hz.
- 2.5 At first Worker must turn on the SET by using Power Only key.
- 2.5 The receiver must be operated for about 5 minutes prior to the adjustment when module is in the circumstance of over 15.

In case of keeping module is in the circumstance of 0°C , it should be placed in the circumstance of above 15°C for 2 hours

In case of keeping module is in the circumstance of below -20°C , it should be placed in the circumstance of above 15°C for 3 hours.

• Caution

When a still image is displayed for 20 minutes or longer (especially where W/B scale is strong. Digital pattern 13ch and/or Cross hatch pattern 09ch), there can some afterimage in the black level area.

3. Adjustment items

3.1 Board Level Adjustment

- (1) ADC adjustment: Component 480i, 1080p / RGB-PC 1080p
- (2) EDID downloads for HDMI and RGB-PC

• Remark

- Above adjustment items can be also performed in Final Assembly if needed. Adjustment items in both PCBA and final assembly stages can be checked by using the INSTART Menu 1.ADJUST CHECK.

3.2 Final Assembly adjustment

- (1) White Balance adjustment
- (2) RS-232C functionality check
- (3) Factory Option setting per destination
- (4) Shipment mode setting (IN-STOP)

3.3 Etc

- (1) Ship-out mode
- (2) Service Option Default
- (3) USB Download(S/W Update, Option, Service only)
- (4) ISP Download (Optional)

4. Board Level Adjustment

4.1. ADC Adjustment

4.1.1. Overview

- ADC adjustment is needed to find the optimum black level and gain in Analog-to-Digital device and to compensate RGB deviation.

4.1.2. Equipment & Condition

- 1) Jig (RS-232C protocol)
- 2) Inner Pattern
 - Resolution : 1080p (Inner Pattern)
 - Resolution : 1024*768 RGB (Inner Pattern)
 - Pattern : Horizontal 100% Color Bar Pattern
 - Pattern level : 0.7 ± 0.1 Vp-p

4.1.3. Adjustment

4.1.3.1 Adjustment method

- Using RS-232, adjust items listed in 3.1 in the other shown in "4.1.3.3"

4.1.3.2 Adj. protocol

Protocol	Command	SetACK
Enter adj. mode	aa 00 00	a 00 OK00x
Source change	xb 00 40 xb 00 60	b 00 OK40x (Adjust 480i/1080p Comp1) b 00 OK60x (Adjust 1920*1080 RGB)
Begin adj.	ad 00 10	
Return adj. result		OKx (Case of Success) NGx (Case of Fail)
Read adj. data	(main) ad 00 20 (sub) ad 00 21	(main) 00000000000000000000000007c007b006dx (Sub) 00000007000000000000000007c00830077x
Confirm adj.	ad 00 99	NG 03 00x (Fail) NG 03 01x (Fail) NG 03 02x (Fail) OK 03 03x (Success)
End adj.	aa 00 90	a 00 OK90x

Ref.) ADC Adj. RS232C Protocol_Ver1.0

4.1.3.3. Adj. order

- aa 00 00 [Enter ADC adj. mode]
- xb 00 40 [Change input source to Component1(1080i)]
- ad 00 10 [Adjust 480i Comp1]
- xb 00 60 [Change input source to RGB(1024*768)]
- ad 00 10 [Adjust 1024*768 RGB]
- ad 00 90 End adj.

Ref) ADC adj. RS232C Protocol_Ver1.0

4.2. EDID/DDC Download

4.2.1 Overview

- It is a VESA regulation. A PC or a MNT will display an optimal resolution through information sharing without any necessity of user input. It is a realization of "Plug and Play".

4.2.2 Equipment

- Since embedded EDID data is used, EDID download JIG, HDMI cable and D-sub cable are not need.
- Adjust remocon.

4.2.3 Download method

- Press Adj. key on the Adj. R/C,
- Select EDID D/L menu.
- By pressing Enter key, EDID download will begin
- If Download is successful, OK is display, but If Download is failure, NG is displayed.
- If Download is failure, Re-try downloads.

* Caution) When EDID Download, must remove RGB/HDMI Cable.

4.2.4 EDID DATA

1) North America

HDMI1-EDID (C/S : 03CC)

EDID Block 0

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	1E	6D	01	00	01	01	01	01
10	01	15	01	03	80	73	41	78	0A	CF	74	A3	57	4C	B0	23
20	09	48	4C	A1	08	00	81	C0	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
30	01	01	01	01	01	01	66	21	50	B0	51	00	1B	30	40	70
40	36	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	01	1D	00	72	51	D0	1E	20
50	6E	28	55	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	00	00	00	FD	00	39
60	3F	1F	3C	09	00	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	00	00	00	FC
70	00	4C	47	20	54	56	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	01	03	

Block1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	02	03	18	F1	47	10	22	20	05	84	03	02	23	09	07	07
10	67	03	0C	00	10	00	B8	2D	02	3A	80	18	71	38	2D	40
20	58	2C	04	05	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	01	1D	80	18	71	1C
30	16	20	58	2C	25	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	9E	01	1D	00	72
40	51	D0	1E	20	6E	28	55	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	8C	0A
50	D0	8A	20	E0	2D	10	10	3E	96	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	18
60	26	36	80	A0	70	38	1F	40	30	20	25	00	7E	8A	42	00
70	00	1A	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	BC

HDMI2-EDID (C/S : 03BC)

Block0

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	1E	6D	01	00	01	01	01	01
10	01	15	01	03	80	73	41	78	0A	CF	74	A3	57	4C	B0	23
20	09	48	4C	A1	08	00	81	C0	01	01	01	01	01	01	01	01
30	01	01	01	01	01	01	66	21	50	B0	51	00	1B	30	40	70
40	36	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	01	1D	00	72	51	D0	1E	20
50	6E	28	55	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	00	00	00	FD	00	39
60	3F	1F	3C	09	00	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	00	00	00	FC
70	00	4C	47	20	54	56	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	01	03	

Block1

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	02	03	18	F1	47	10	22	20	05	84	03	02	23	09	07	07
10	67	03	0C	00	10	00	B8	2D	02	3A	80	18	71	38	2D	40
20	58	2C	04	05	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	01	1D	80	18	71	1C
30	16	20	58	2C	25	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	9E	01	1D	00	72
40	51	D0	1E	20	6E	28	55	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	8C	0A
50	D0	8A	20	E0	2D	10	10	3E	96	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	18
60	26	36	80	A0	70	38	1F	40	30	20	25	00	7E	8A	42	00
70	00	1A	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	00	BC

RGB-EDID (C/S : 1C)

Block0

	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	A	B	C	D	E	F
0	00	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	FF	00	1E	6D	01	00	01	01	01	01
10	01	15	01	03	80	73	41	78	0A	CF	30	A3	57	4C	B0	23
20	09	50	4E	A1	08	00	81	C0	01	01	01	01	01	00	01	01
30	01	01	01	01	01	01	66	21	50	B0	51	00	1B	30	40	70
40	36	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	01	1D	00	72	51	D0	1E	20
50	6E	28	55	00	7E	8A	42	00	00	1E	00	00	00	FD	00	39
60	3F	1F	3C	19	00	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	00	00	00	FC
70	00	4C	47	20	54	56	0A	20	20	20	20	20	20	00	01	03

5. Final Assembly Adjustment

5.1. White Balance Adjustment

5.1.1. Overview

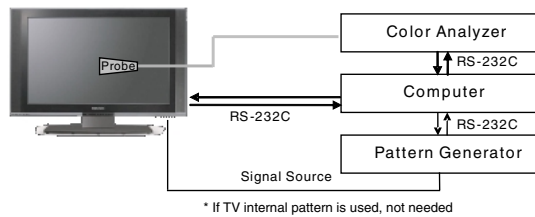
5.1.1.1. W/B adj. Objective & How-it-works

- Objective: To reduce each Panel's W/B deviation
- How-it-works: When R/G/B gain in the OSD is at 192, it means the panel is at its Full Dynamic Range. In order to prevent saturation of Full Dynamic range and data, one of R/G/B is fixed at 192, and the other two is lowered to find the desired value.
- Adj. condition: normal temperature
 - Surrounding Temperature: 25±5°C
 - Warm-up time: About 5 Min
 - Surrounding Humidity: 20% ~ 80%

5.1.2. Equipment

- Color Analyzer: CA-210 (NCG: CH 9 / WCG: CH12 / LED: CH14)
 - Adj. Computer (During auto adj., RS-232C protocol is needed)
 - Adjust Remocon
 - Video Signal Generator MSPG-925F 720p/204-Gray (Model: 217, Pattern: 49)
- Color Analyzer Matrix should be calibrated using CS-1000

5.1.3. Equipment connection



Connection Diagram of Automatic Adjustment

5.1.4. Adjustment Command (Protocol)

(1) RS-232C Command used during auto-adj.

RS-232C COMMAND			Explanation
[CMD]	ID	DATA]	
Wb	00	00	Begin White Balance adj.
Wb	00	ff	End White Balance adj. (internal pattern disappears)

Ex) wb 00 00 -> Begin white balance auto-adj.

wb 00 10 -> Gain adj.

ja 00 ff -> Adj. data

jb 00 c0

...

...

wb 00 1f -> Gain adj. complete

*(wb 00 20(start), wb 00 2f(end)) -> Off-set adj.

wb 00 ff ->End white balance auto adj.

(2) Adj. Map

Adj.	item	Command (lower case ASCII)		Data Range (Hex.)		Default (Decimal)
		CMD1	CMD2	MIN	MAX	
Cool	R Gain	j	g	00	C0	172
	G Gain	j	h	00	C0	172
	B Gain	j	i	00	C0	192
	R Cut					64
	G Cut					64
	B Cut					64
Medium	R Gain	j	a	00	C0	192
	G Gain	j	b	00	C0	192
	B Gain	j	c	00	C0	192
	R Cut					64
	G Cut					64
	B Cut					64
Warm	R Gain	j	d	00	C0	192
	G Gain	j	e	00	C0	192
	B Gain	j	f	00	C0	172
	R Cut					64
	G Cut					64
	B Cut					64

5.1.5. Adjustment method

5.1.5.1 Auto WB calibration

- 1) Set TV in adj. mode using POWER ONLY (P-ONLY) key
- 2) Zero calibrate probe then place it on the center of the Display
- 3) Connect Cable(RS-232C)
- 4) Select mode in adj. Program and begin adj.
- 5) When adj. is complete (OK Sing), check adj. status pre mode (Cool, Medium, Warm)
- 6) Remove probe and RS-232C cable to complete adj.

- W/B Adj. must begin as start command "wb 00 00" , and finish as end command "wb 00 ff", and Adj. offset if need

5.1.5.2 Manual adj. method

- 1) Set TV in Adj. mode using POWER ON
- 2) Zero Calibrate the probe of Color Analyzer, then place it on the center of LCD module within 10cm of the surface..
- 3) Press ADJ key -> EZ adjust using adj. R/C 6. White-Balance then press the cursor to the right (KEY▶). (When KEY▶ is pressed 204 Gray(80IRE) internal pattern will be displayed)
- 4) One of R Gain / G Gain / B Gain should be fixed at 192, and the rest will be lowered to meet the desired value.
- 5) Adj. is performed in COOL, MEDIUM, WARM 3 modes of color temperature.

- If internal pattern is not available, use RF input. In EZ Adj. menu 6.White Balance, you can select one of 2 Test-pattern: ON, OFF. Default is inner(ON). By selecting OFF, you can adjust using RF signal in 204 Gray pattern.

- Adj. condition and cautionary items

- 1) Lighting condition in surrounding area
Surrounding lighting should be lower 10 lux. Try to isolate adj. area into dark surrounding.
- 2) Probe location : Color Analyzer (CA-210) probe should be within 10cm and perpendicular of the module surface (80°~100°)
- 3) Aging time
- After Aging Start, Keep the Power ON status during 5 Minutes.
- In case of LCD, Back-light on should be checked using no signal or Full-white pattern.

5.1.6 Reference (White Balance Adj. coordinate and color temperature)

(1) Luminance: 204 Gray, 80IRE

(2) Standard color coordinate and temperature using CS-1000

Mode	Color Coordination		Temp	ΔUV
	x	y		
COOL	0.269	0.273	13000K	0.0000
MEDIUM	0.285	0.293	9300K	0.0000
WARM	0.313	0.329	6500K	0.0000

- Standard color coordinate and temperature using CA-210(CH 9)

Mode	Color Coordination		Temp	ΔUV
	x	y		
COOL	0.269±0.002	0.273±0.002	13000K	0.0000
MEDIUM	0.285±0.002	0.293±0.002	9300K	0.0000
WARM	0.313±0.002	0.329±0.002	6500K	0.0000

5.2 HDCP (High-Bandwidth Digital Contents Protection) SETTING

5.3 Option selection per country

5.3.1 Overview

- Option selection is only done for models in Non-USA North America due to rating
- Applied model: LA01U Chassis applied None USA model(CANADA, MEXICO)

5.3.2 Method

- (1) Press ADJ key on the Adj. R/C, and then select Country Group Menu
- (2) Depending on destination, select KR or US, then on the lower Country option, select US, CA, MX. Selection is done using +, - KEY

5.4 Tool Option selection

- Method: Press Adj. key on the Adj. R/C, then select Tool option.

	42LV355C -UA	55LV355C - UA
Tool 1	26464	46944
Tool 2	10774	10774
Tool 3	53291	53290
Tool 4	2332	2332
Tool 5	16672	24864

6. GND and Hi-pot Test

6.1. Method

6.1.1. GND & HI-POT auto-check preparation

- (1) Check the POWER CABLE and SIGNAL CABLE insertion condition

6.1.2. GND & HI-POT auto-check

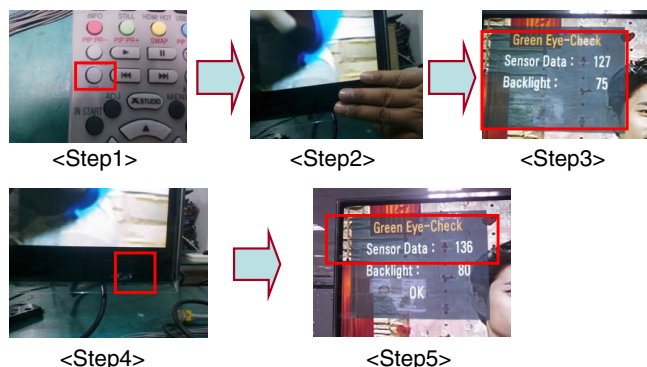
- (1) Pallet moves in the station. (POWER CORD / AV CORD is tightly inserted)
- (2) Connect the AV JACK Tester.
- (3) Controller (GWS103-4) on.
- (4) GND Test (Auto)
 - If Test is failed, Buzzer operates.
 - If Test is passed, execute next process (Hi-pot test). (Remove A/V CORD from A/V JACK BOX)
- (5) HI-POT test (Auto)
 - If Test is failed, Buzzer operates.
 - If Test is passed, GOOD Lamp on and move to next process automatically.

6.2. Checkpoint

- TEST voltage
 - GND: 1.5KV/min at 100mA
 - SIGNAL: 3KV/min at 100mA
- TEST time: 1 second
- TEST POINT
 - GND TEST = POWER CORD GND & SIGNAL CABLE METAL GND
 - Internal Pressure TEST = POWER CORD GND & LIVE & NEUTRAL
- LEAKAGE CURRENT: At 0.5mArms

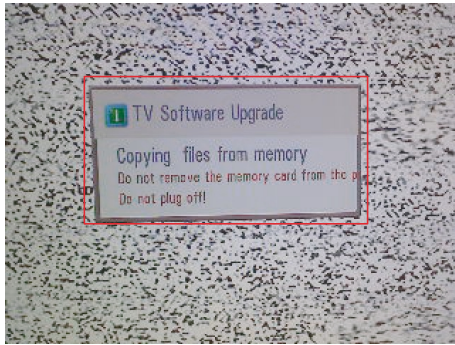
7. EYE-Q Check

- Step 1) Turn on the TV.
- Step 2) Press EYE button in adjust remote control.
- Step 3) Stay 6 seconds with Eye Q sensor hidden located on the front of the set.
- Step 4) Check the "Sensor Data" on the screen and check whether the value is lower than after 6 seconds, the value does not go below 10, Eye Q sensor is not working properly. Then, change the sensor.
- Step 5) Remove hand from the Eye Q II sensor and stay for 6 seconds.
- Step 6) Check whether the "Back Light (xxx)" value has risen on the screen. If after 6 seconds and the value still does not go high, the eye Q II sensor is not working properly. Replace the sensor.

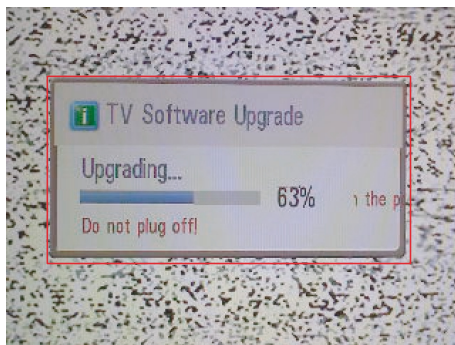


8. USB S/W Download (Option, Service only)

1. Put the USB Stick to the USB socket
2. Automatically detecting update file in USB Stick
 - If your downloaded program version in USB Stick is Low, it didn't work. But your downloaded version is High, USB data is automatically detecting
3. Show the message "Copying files from memory"



4. Updating is starting.



5. Updating Completed, The TV will restart automatically
6. If your TV is turned on, check your updated version and Tool option. (Explain the Tool option, next stage)

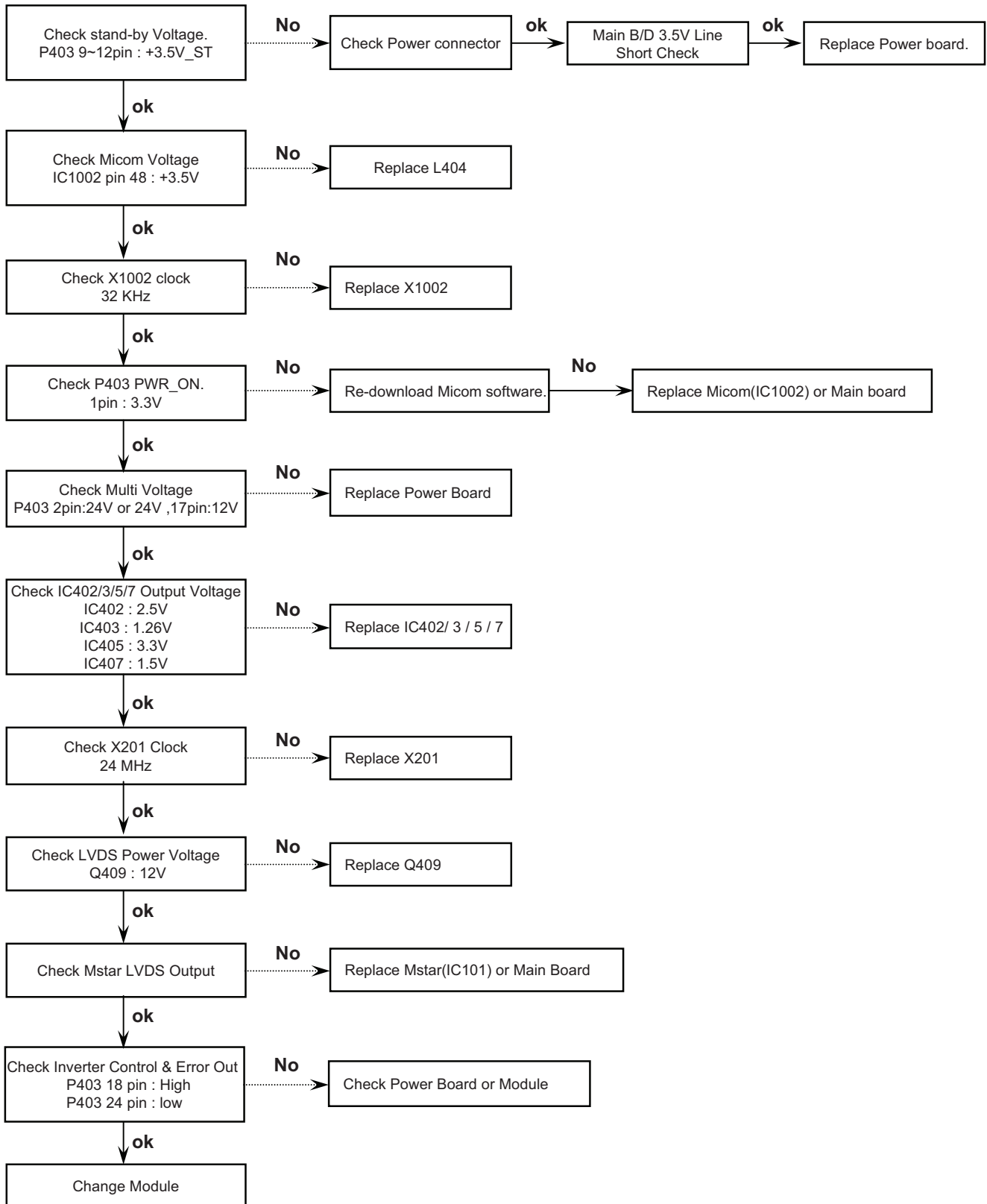
* If downloading version is more high than your TV have, TV can lost all channel data. In this case, you have to channel recover. if all channel data is cleared, you didn't have a DTV/ATV test on production line.

*** After downloading, have to adjust TOOL OPTION again.**

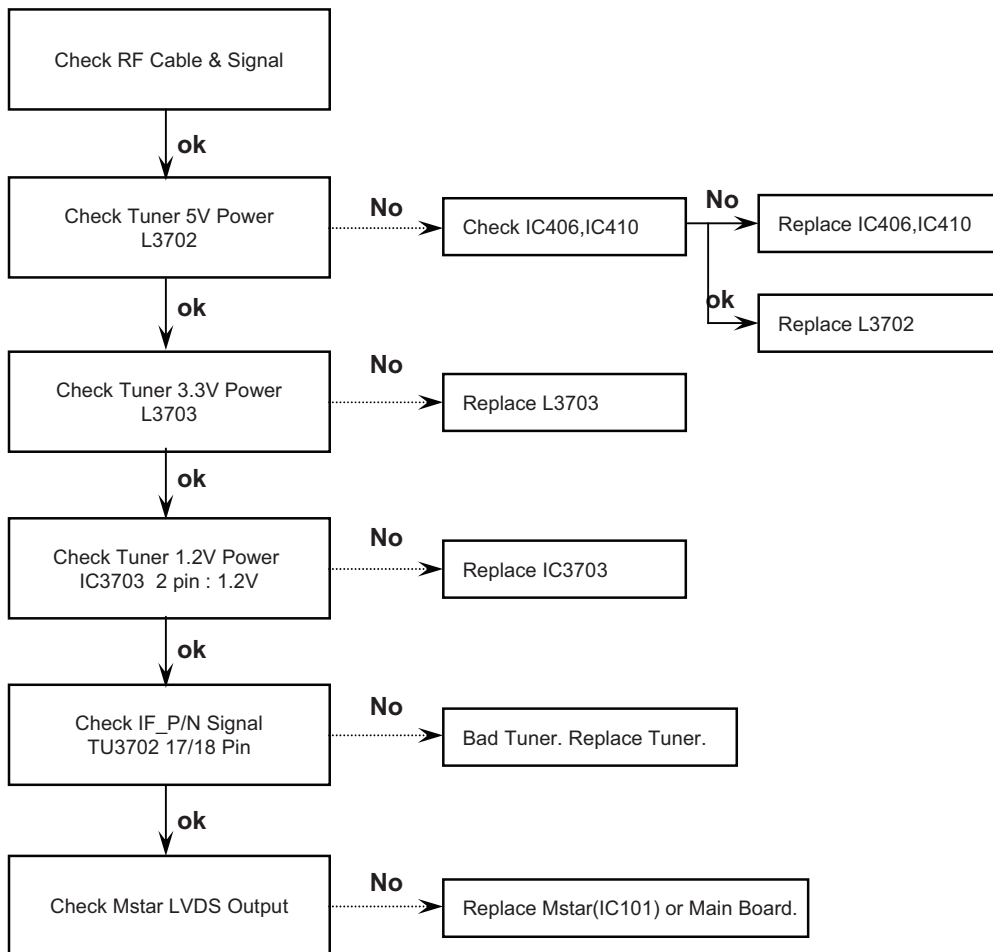
1. Push "IN-START" key in service remote controller.
2. Select "Tool Option 1" and Push "OK" button.
3. Punch in the number. (Each model has their number.)

TROUBLESHOOTING GUIDE

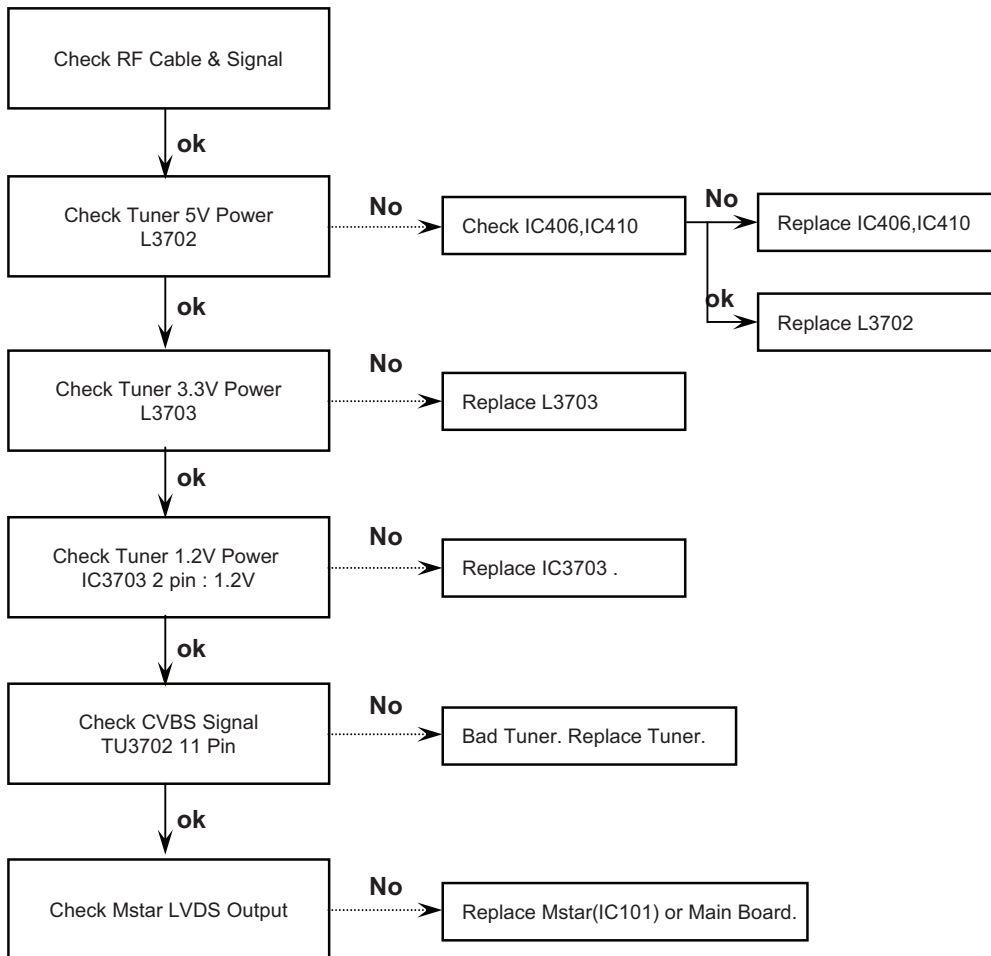
1. Power-up boot check



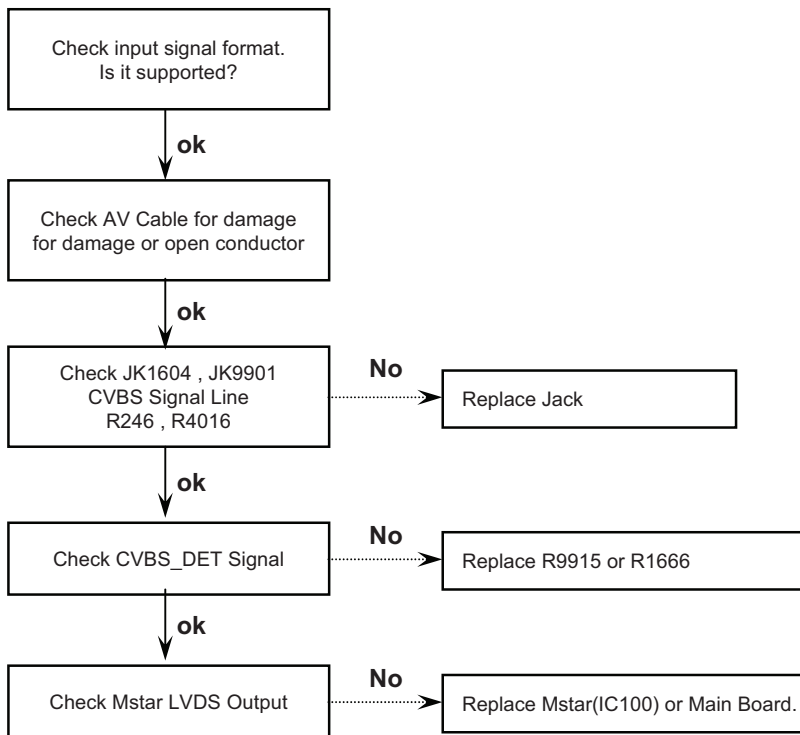
2. Digital TV Video



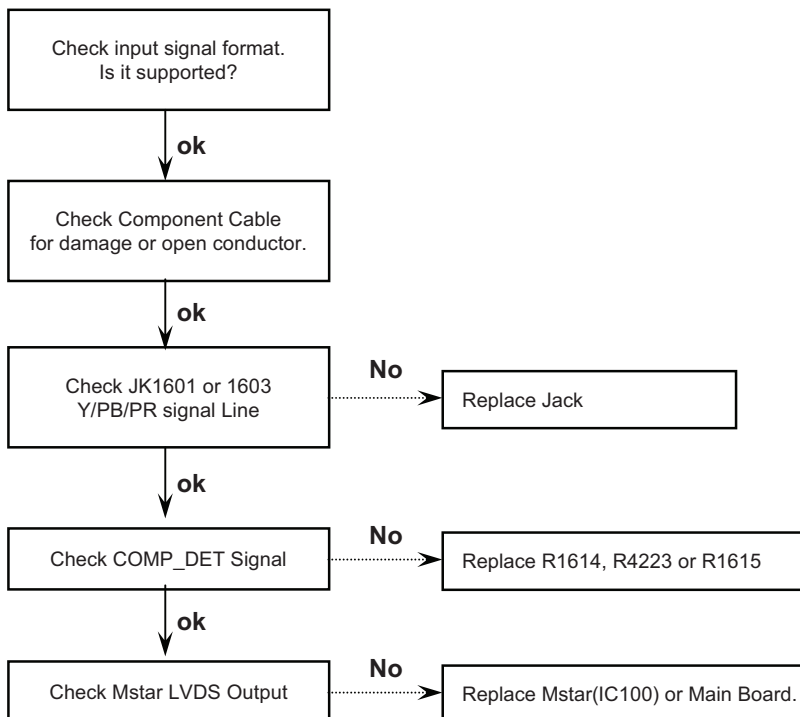
3. Analog TV Video



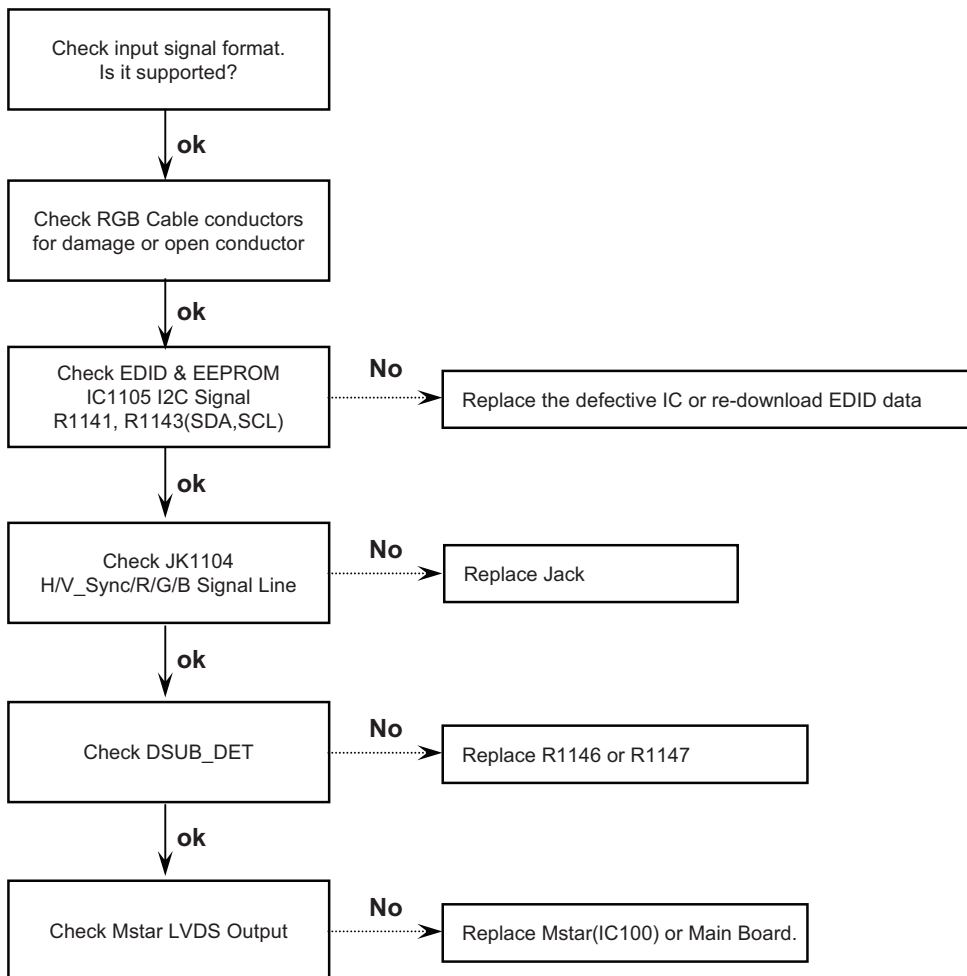
4. AV Video



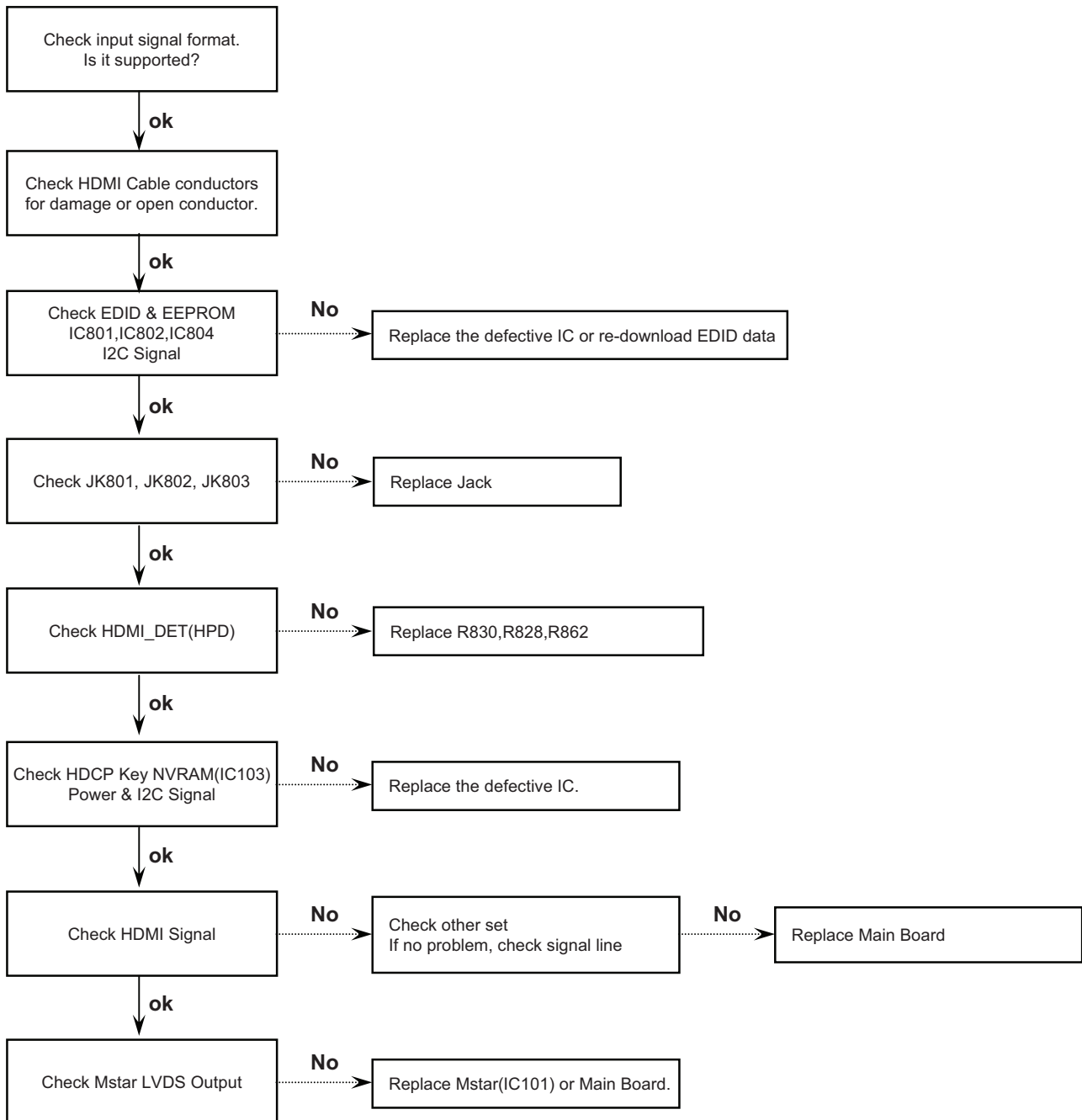
5. Component Video



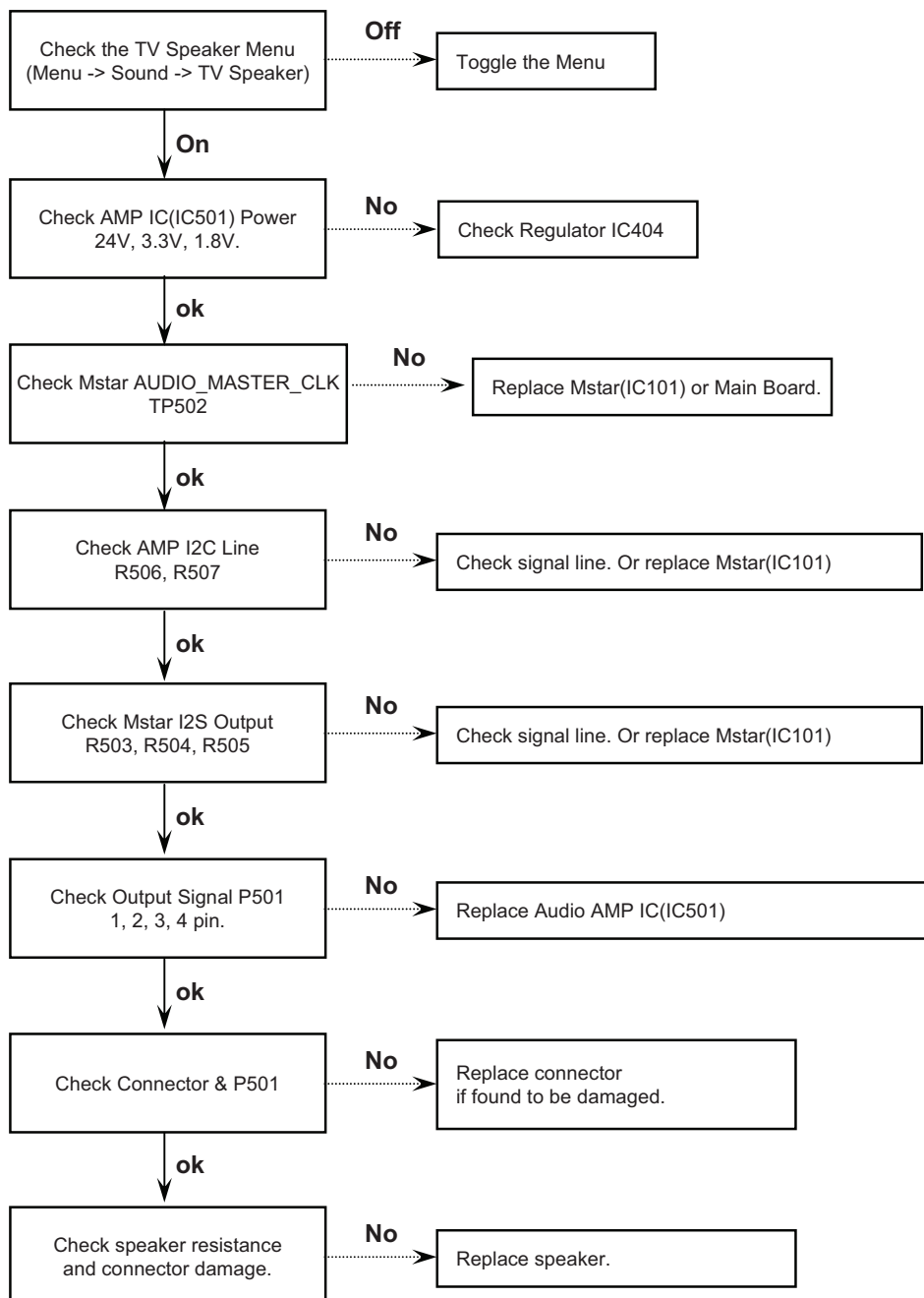
6. RGB Video



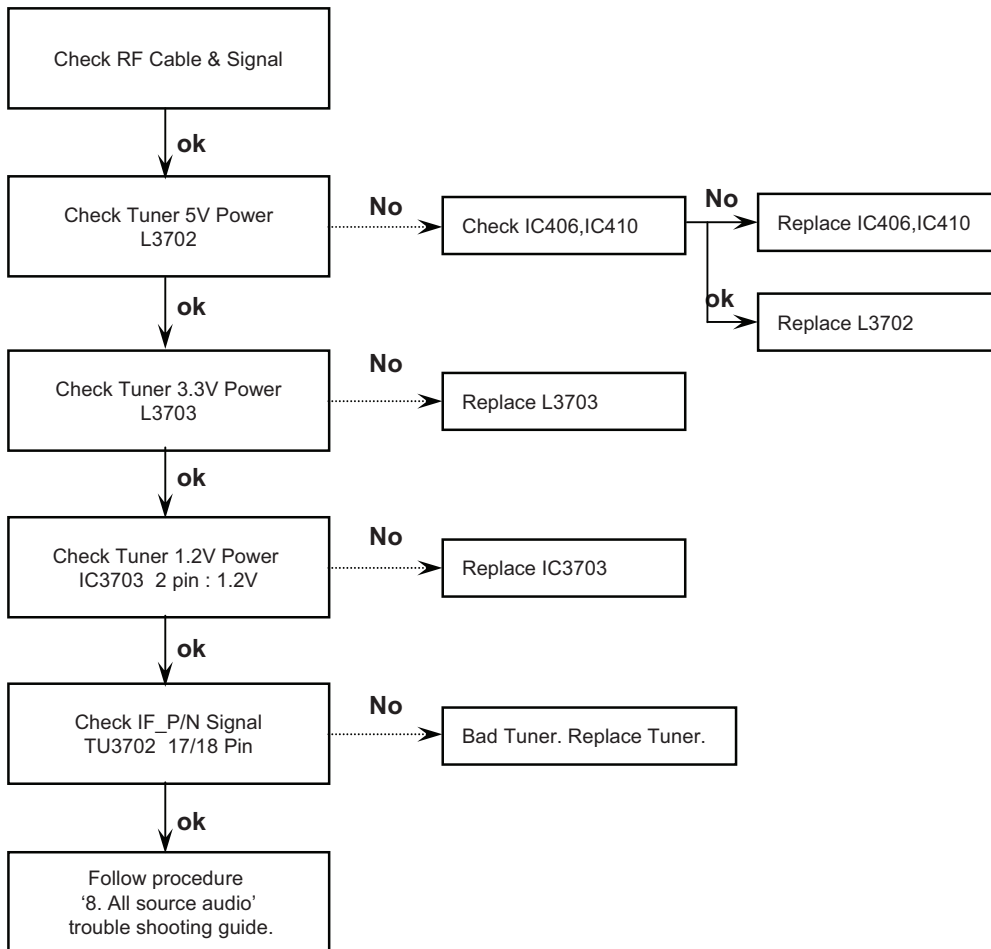
7. HDMI Video



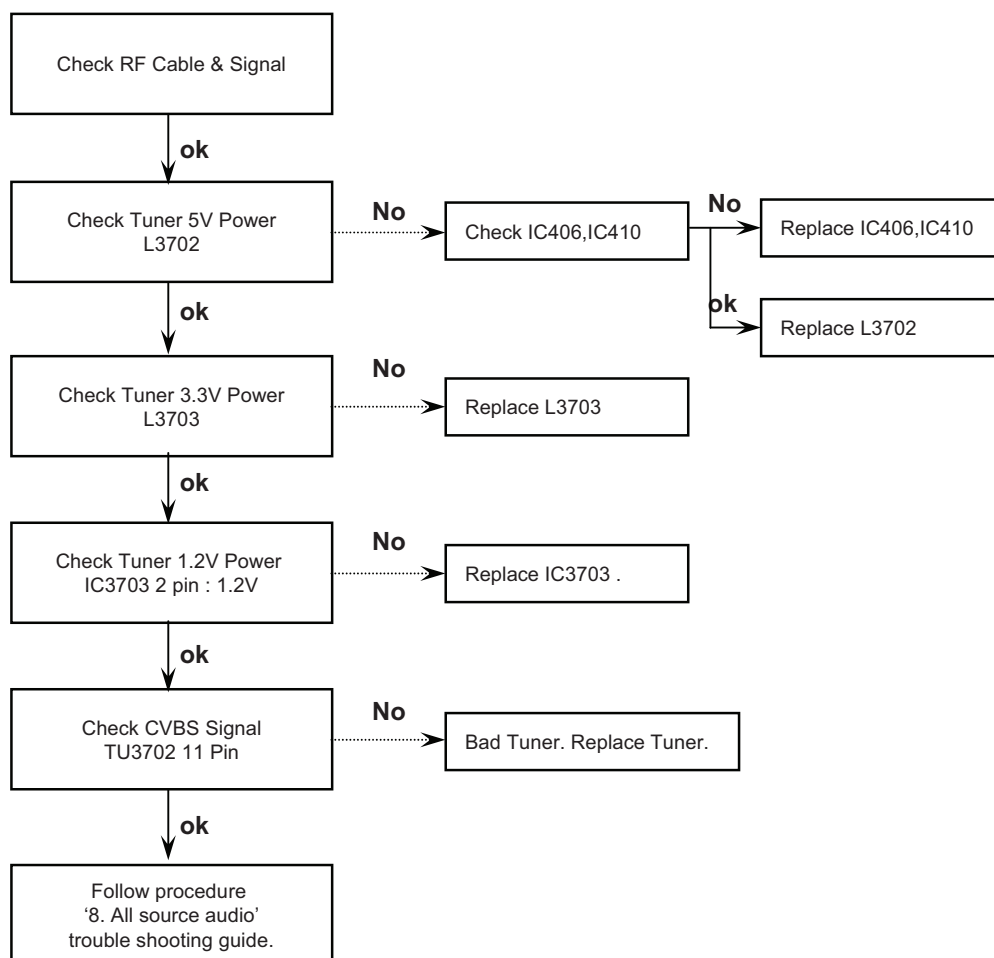
8. All Source Audio



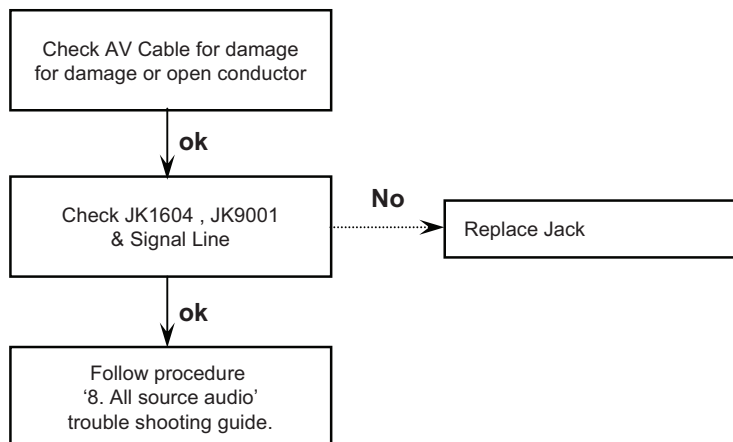
9. Digital TV Audio



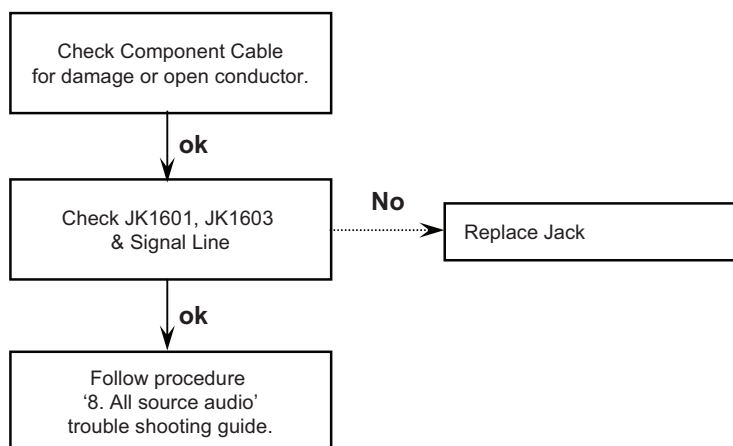
10. Analog TV Audio



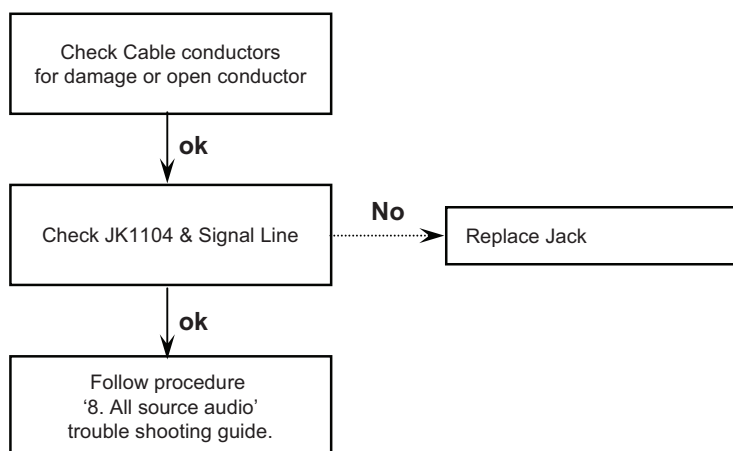
11. AV Audio



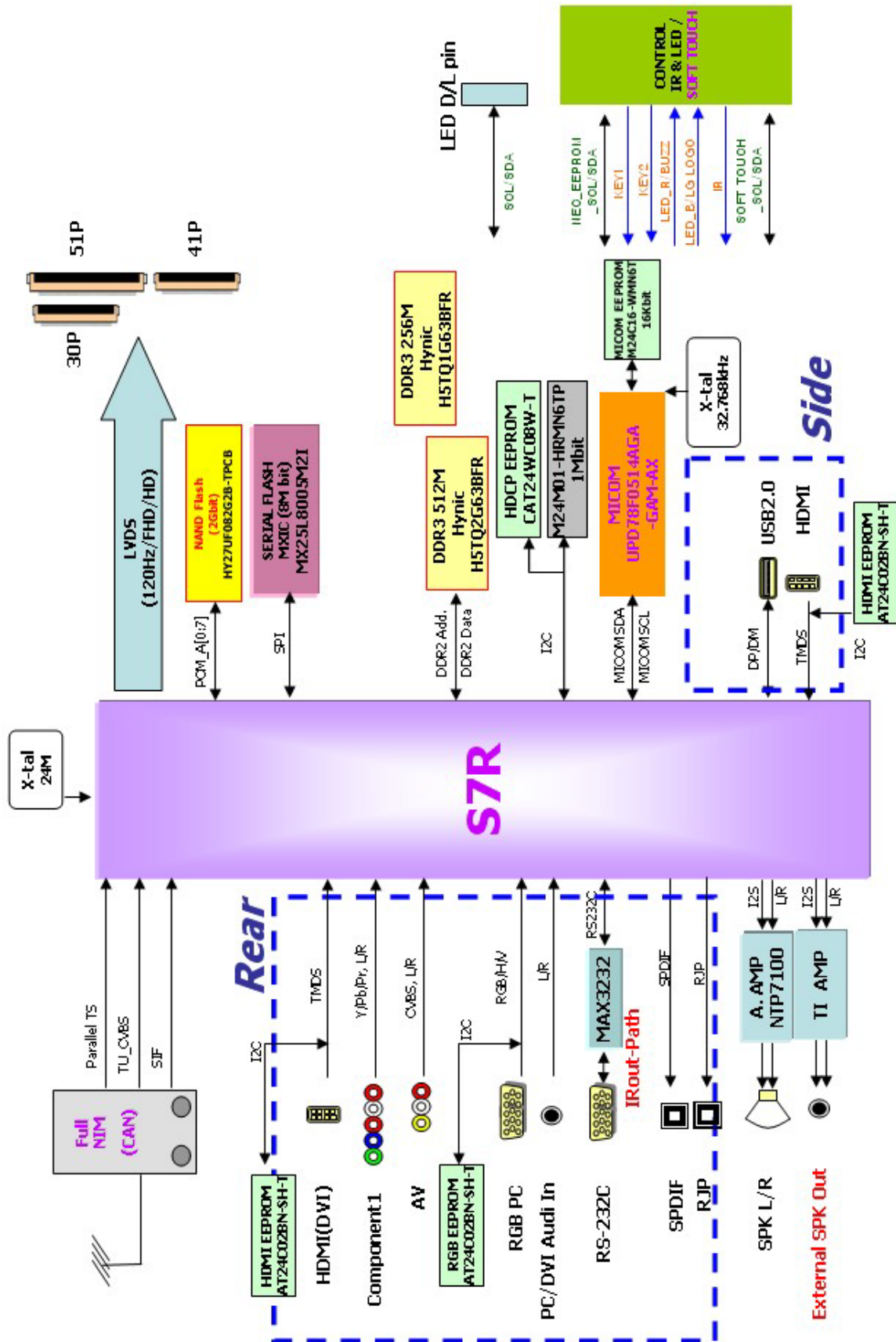
12. Component Audio



13. RGB Audio



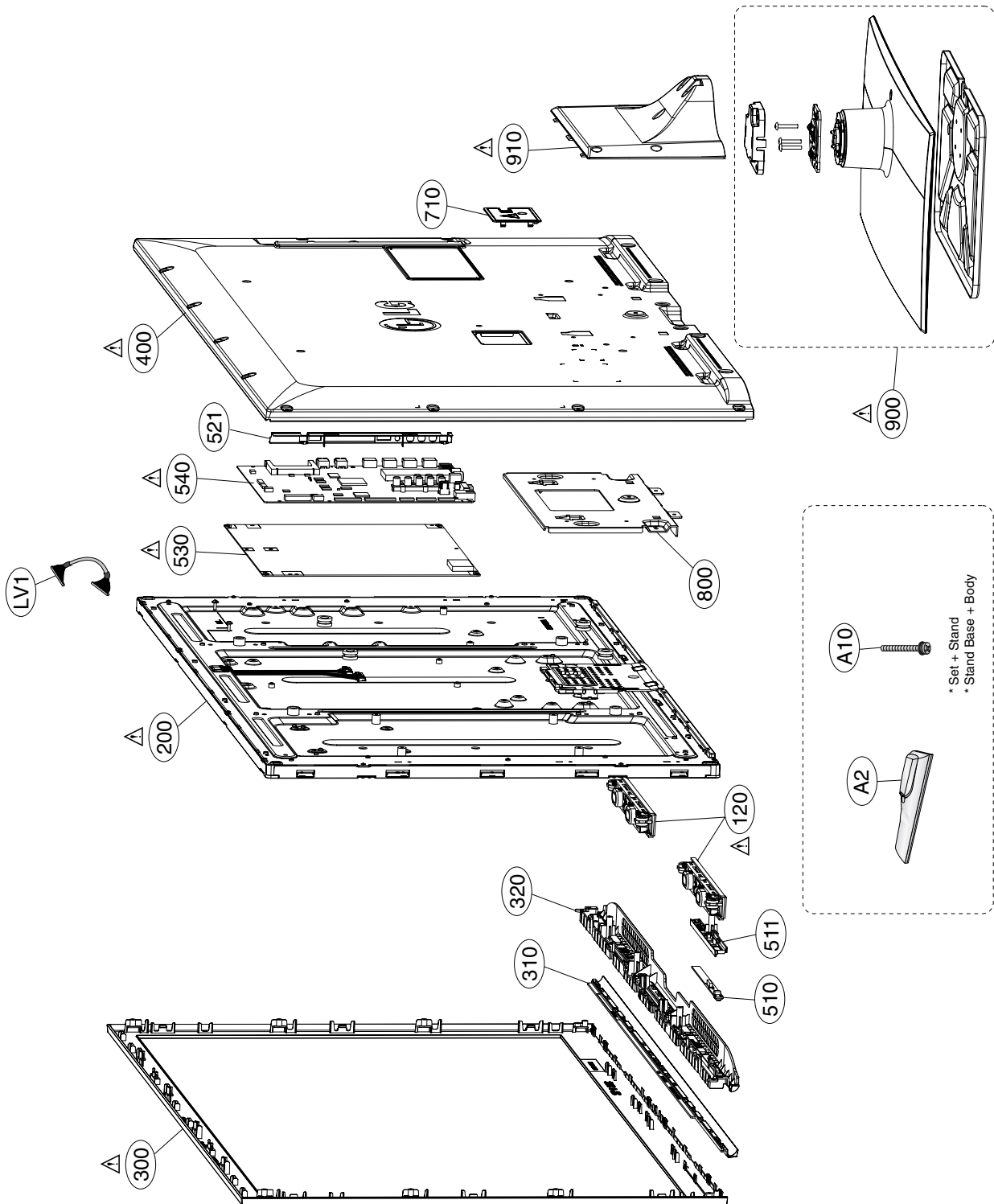
BLOCK DIAGRAM

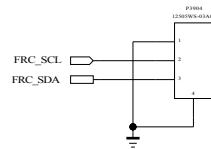
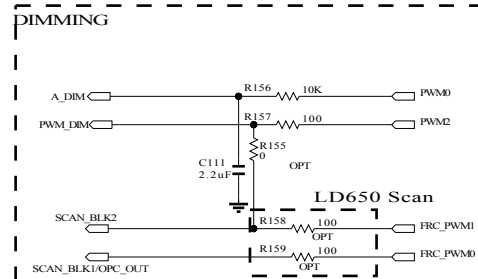
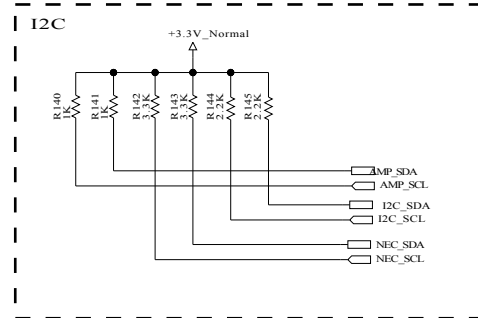
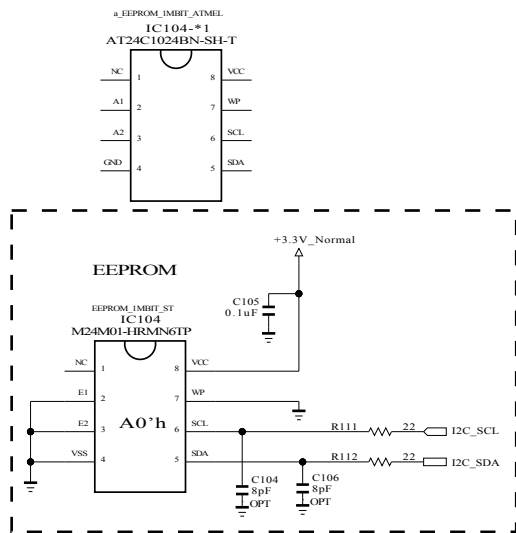
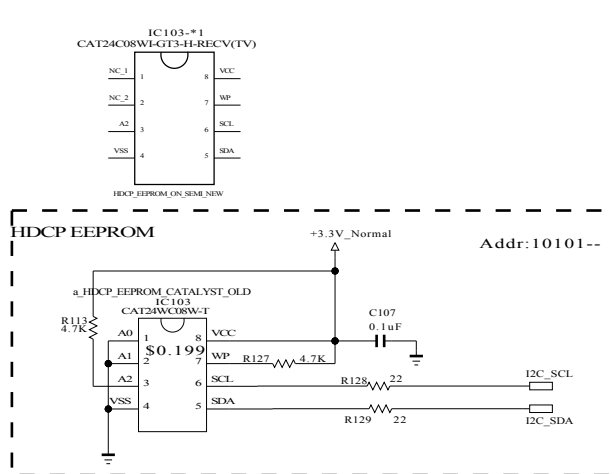
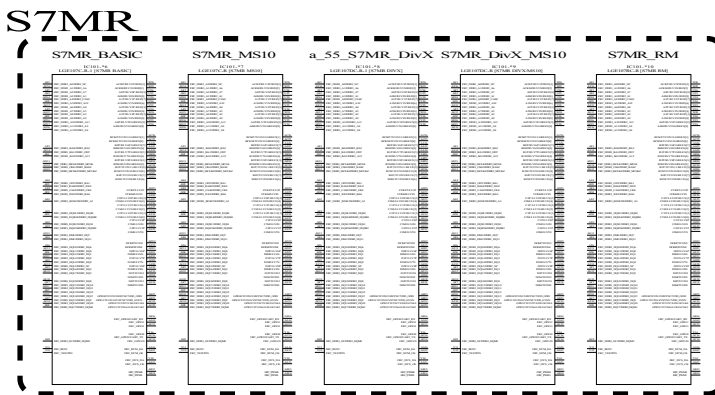
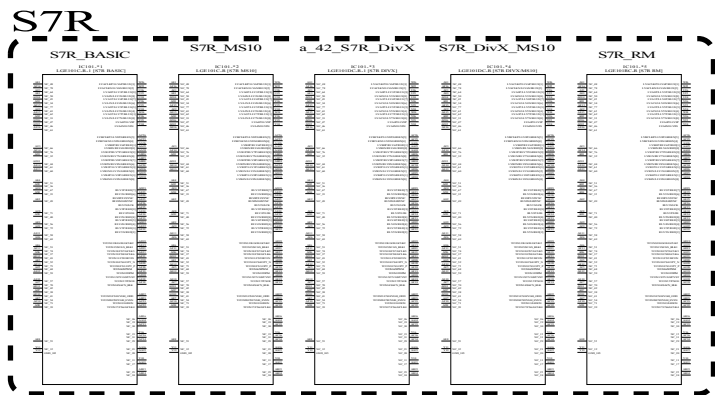
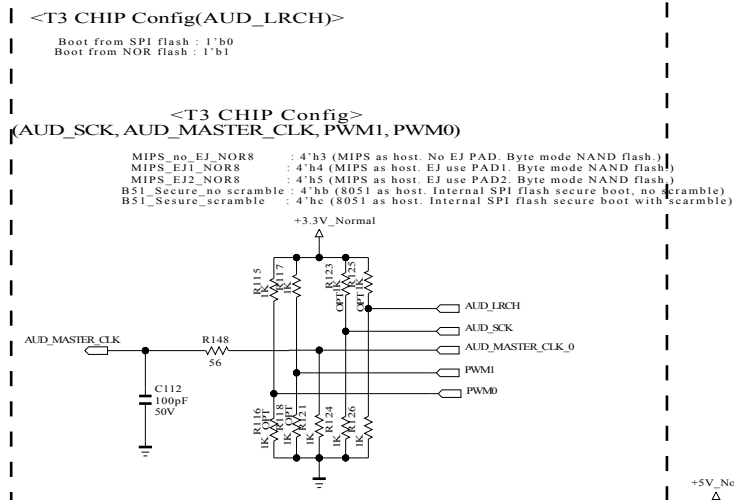


EXPLODED VIEW

IMPORTANT SAFETY NOTICE

Many electrical and mechanical parts in this chassis have special safety-related characteristics. These parts are identified by Δ in the Schematic Diagram and EXPLODED VIEW. It is essential that these special safety parts should be replaced with the same components as recommended in this manual to prevent X-RADIATION, Shock, Fire, or other Hazards. Do not modify the original design without permission of manufacturer.

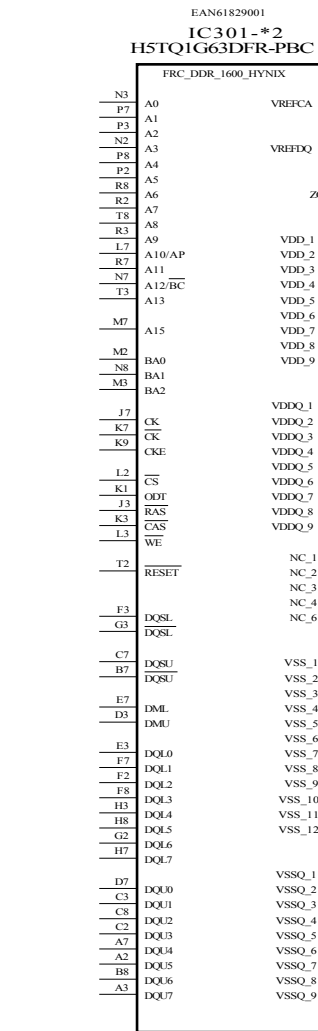
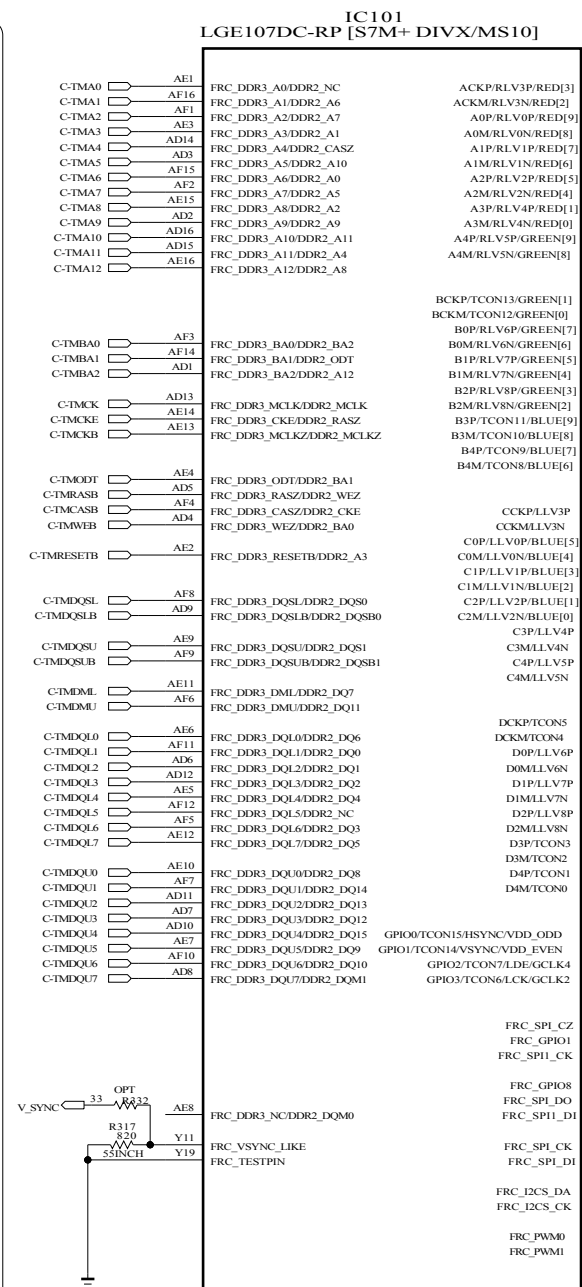
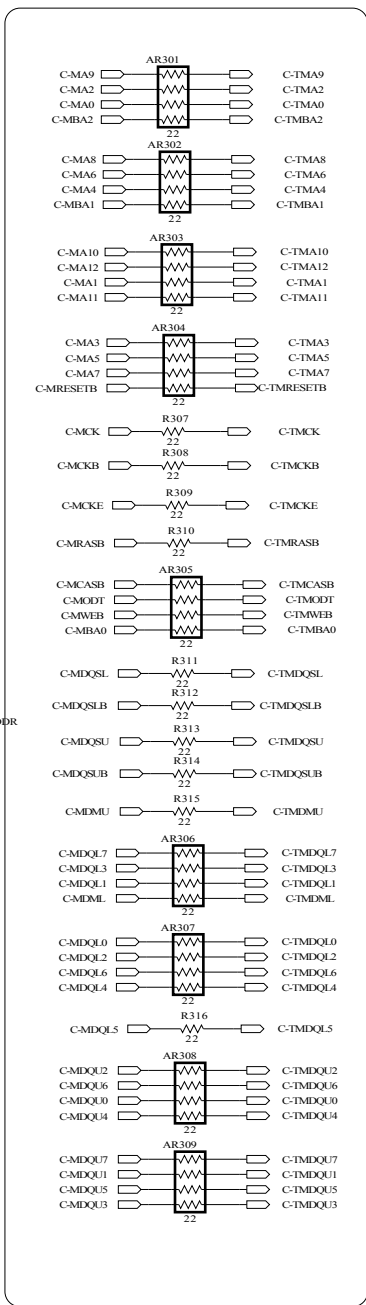
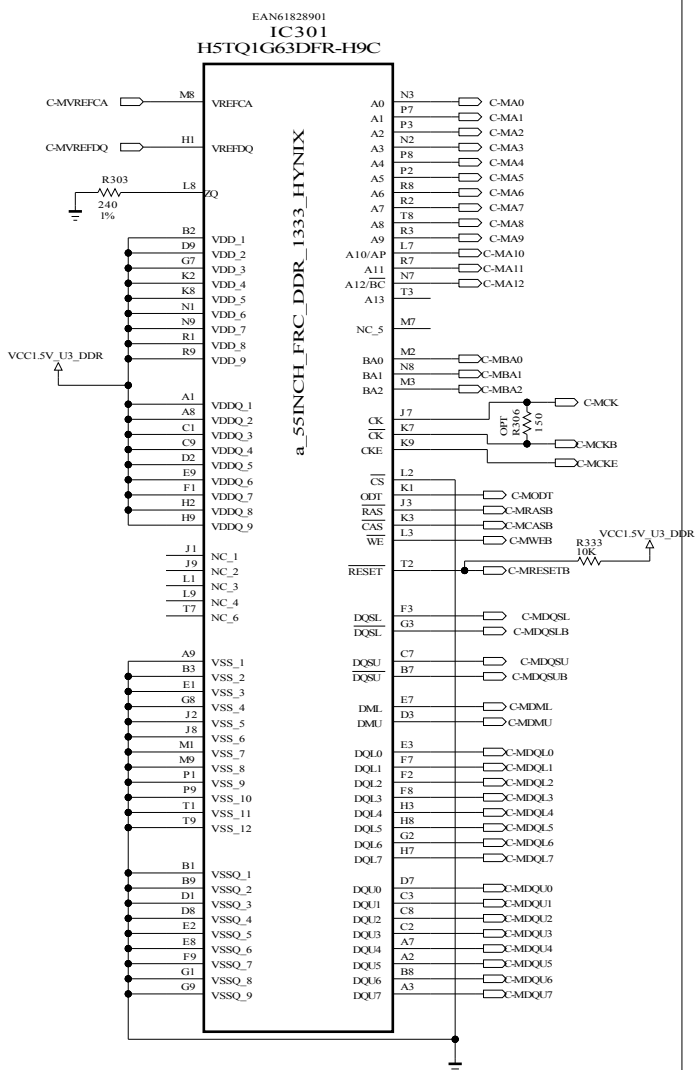
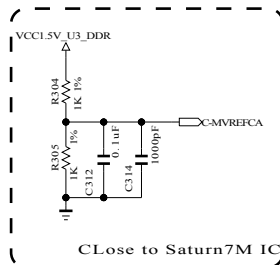
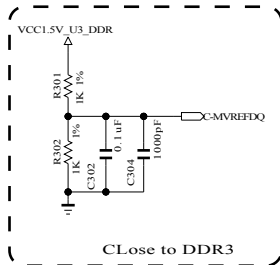
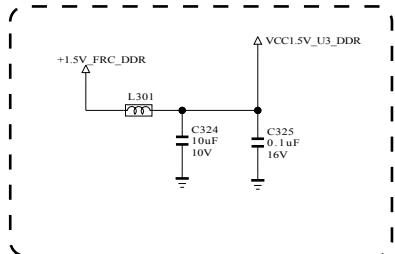
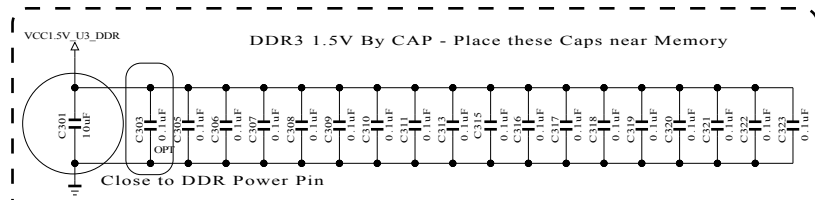




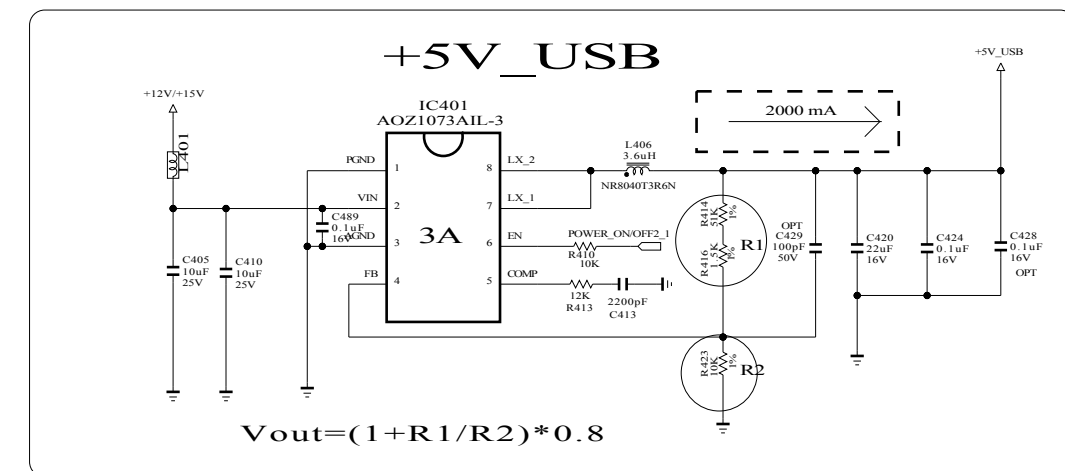
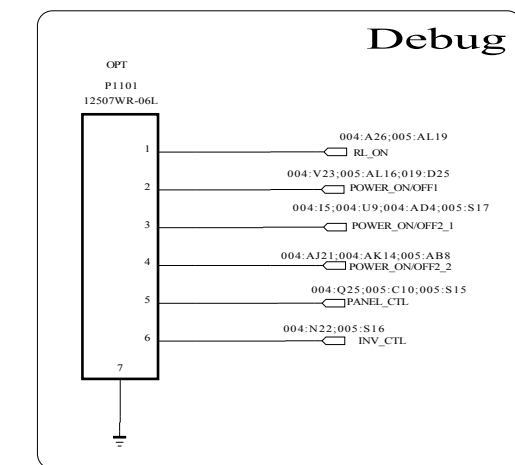
SECRET
LGElectronics





MODEL	GP3_Saturn7M	DATE	Ver. 0.1
BLOCK	FLASH/EEPROM/GPIO	SHEET	1 /



FROM LIPS & POWER B/D

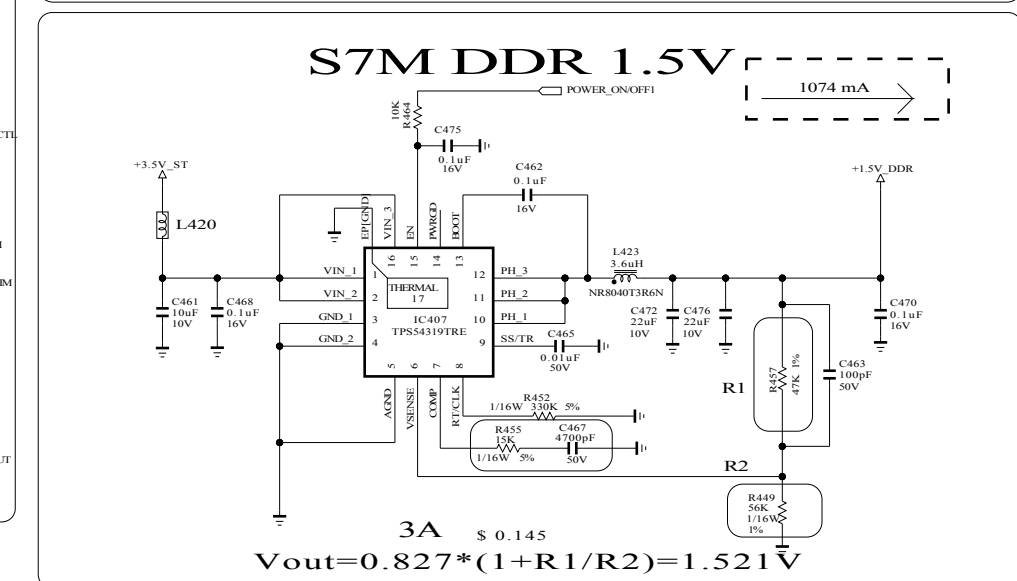


THE  SYMBOL MARK OF THIS SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM INCORPORATES SPECIAL FEATURES IMPORTANT FOR PROTECTION FROM X-RADIATION. FILRE AND ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARDS. WHEN SERVICING IF IS ESSENTIAL THAT ONLY MANUFACTURES SPECIFIED PARTS BE USED FOR THE CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN THE  SYMBOL MARK OF THE SCHEMATIC.

LG Electronics



004:E12;005:C10;005:S15



The diagram shows a voltage converter circuit. The input is labeled $+3.3V_Normal$ and is connected to the VIN pin of the IC402 (AZ2940D-2.5TRE1). The IC is also connected to ground (GND) at its other input and output pins. The output of the IC (VOUT) is connected to a load resistor R473, which is then connected to the $+2.5V_Normal$ output. The output is also connected to a parallel combination of capacitors C403 (10uF) and C440 (0.1uF), which are connected to ground. A dashed box on the right indicates a load current of 300 mA.

S7M core 1.26V volt

4A \$ 0.165

$$V_{out}=0.8*(1+R1/R2)=1.29V$$
$$V_{out}=0.8*(1+R1/R2)=1.29V$$

ST_3.5V--> 3.375V --> 3.46V
 20V-->3.51V --> 3.76V (3.59V)
 24V-->3.78V --> 3.92V (3.79V)
 12V -->3.58V --> 3.82V (3.68V)
 18.5V-->3.5V --> 3.75V (3.59V)

+12V/+15V

+3.5V_ST

+3.5V_ST

POWER_DET

Power_DET

+3.3V_Normal

IC405
AOZ1073AIL-3

1934 mA

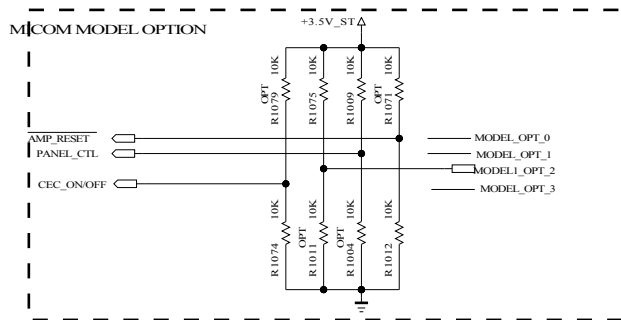
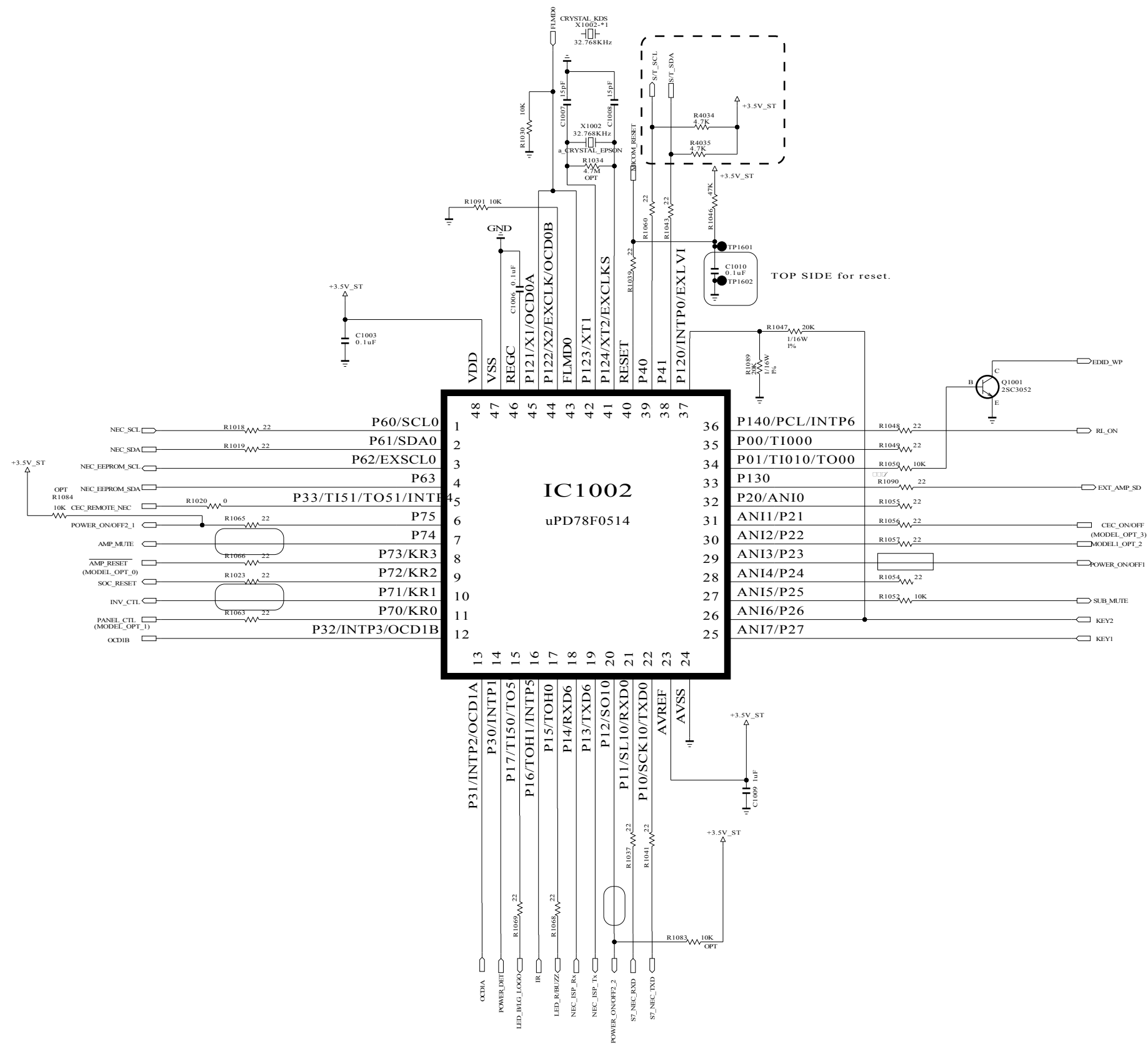
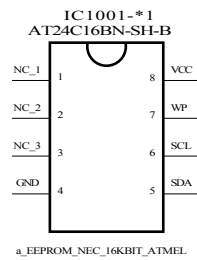
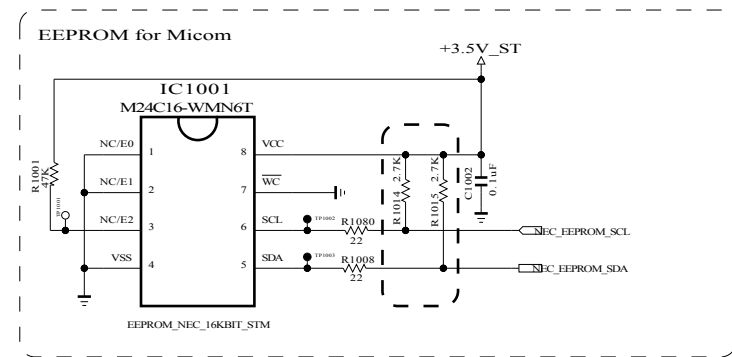
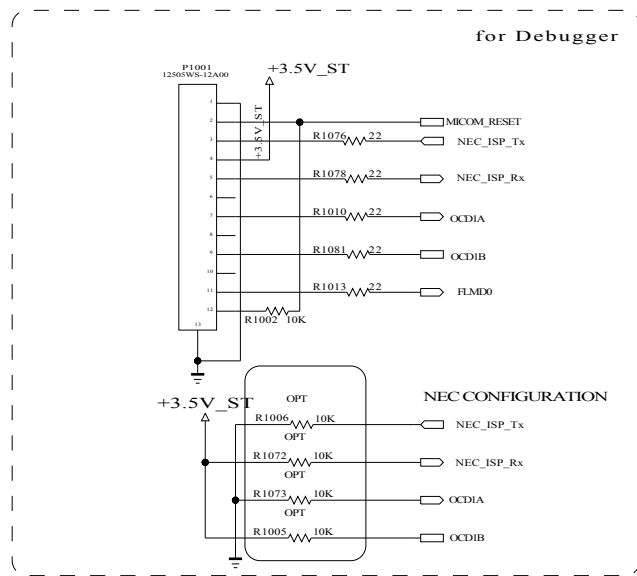
3A

POWER_ON_OFF2_2

$V_{out} = (1 + R1/R2) * 0.8$

[illegible]

MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	POWER_LARGE	SHEET	4 /



2011Y,GP2R, 101125 Update

MODEL OPTION			
PIN NAME	PIN NO.	HIGH	LOW
MODEL_OPT_0	8	B/L_LED	B/L_LAMP
MODEL_OPT_1	11	PWM_BUZZ/IIC_LED	PWM_LED
MODEL_OPT_2	30	TOUCH_KEY	TACT_KEY
MODEL_OPT_3	31	GP2	GP3

PWM_BUZZ/IIC_LED : Using IIC for LED Breathing & PWM Buzz
PWM_LED : Using PWM Signal for LED Lighting

MODEL_OPT_0	MODEL_OPT_1	MODEL_OPT_2	MODEL_OPT_3	Description
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LK330/LK430 for KR/US 10V EYE-Q Sensor
LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	KEY & PWM LED & No Buzz & No LED Blink
LOW	LOW	LOW	HIGH	KEY & PWM LED & No Buzz & No LED Blink
LOW : LED	HIGH	HIGH	LOW	LV25/LV35/LV45/LV55/LK45/LK55
HIGH : LAMP	HIGH	LOW	LOW	S/T & IIC LED & NO BUZZ & LED Blink
	HIGH	LOW	LOW	TBD
	Low	HIGH	LOW	IIC LED(09V IIC Protocol) & No BUZZ
				S/T & IIC LED & No Buzz & LED Blink

2010Y,GP2

MODEL OPTION			
PIN NAME	PIN NO.	HIGH	LOW
MODEL_OPT_0	8	B/L_LED	B/L_LAMP
MODEL_OPT_1	11	PWM_BUZZ/IIC_LED	PWM_LED
MODEL_OPT_2	30	TOUCH_KEY	TACT_KEY
MODEL_OPT_3	31	GPIO_LED	NON_GPIO_LED

PWM_BUZZ/IIC_LED : For model that use LED Lighting used IIC
PWM_LED : For model that use LED Lighting used PWM Signal

MODEL_OPT_0	MODEL_OPT_1	MODEL_OPT_2	MODEL_OPT_3	Description
LOW	LOW	LOW	LOW	LD350/450/550
HIGH	LOW	HIGH	LOW	PWM LED & No Buzz & No LED Blink
HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	LOW	19/22/26LE5300/5300
				IIC LED & PWM IIC BUZZ
				32/37/42/47/51LE5300
				IIC LED & PWM BUZZ
				LD420
				IIC LED(09V IIC Protocol) & No BUZZ
				LE7300
				GPIO LED & NO BUZZ

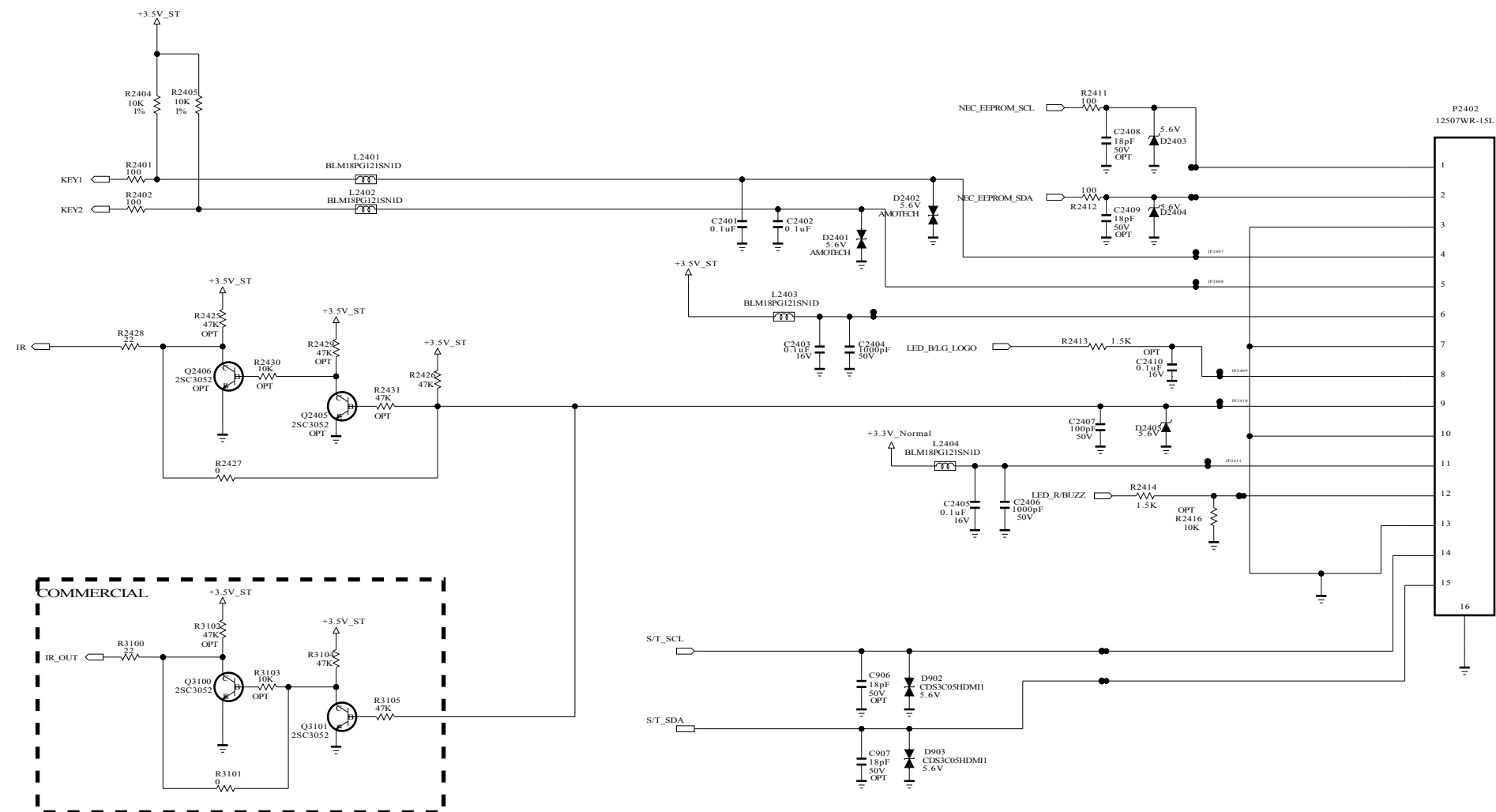
THE SYMBOL MARK OF THIS SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM INCORPORATES SPECIAL FEATURES IMPORTANT FOR PROTECTION FROM X-RADIATION. FILRE AND ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARDS, WHEN SERVICING IF IS ESSENTIAL THAT ONLY MANUFACTURES SPECIED PARTS BE USED FOR THE CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN THE SYMBOL MARK OF THE SCHEMATIC.



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LG ELECTRONICS

MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101125
BLOCK	MICOM Rev.4	SHEET	5 /

CONTROL IR & LED

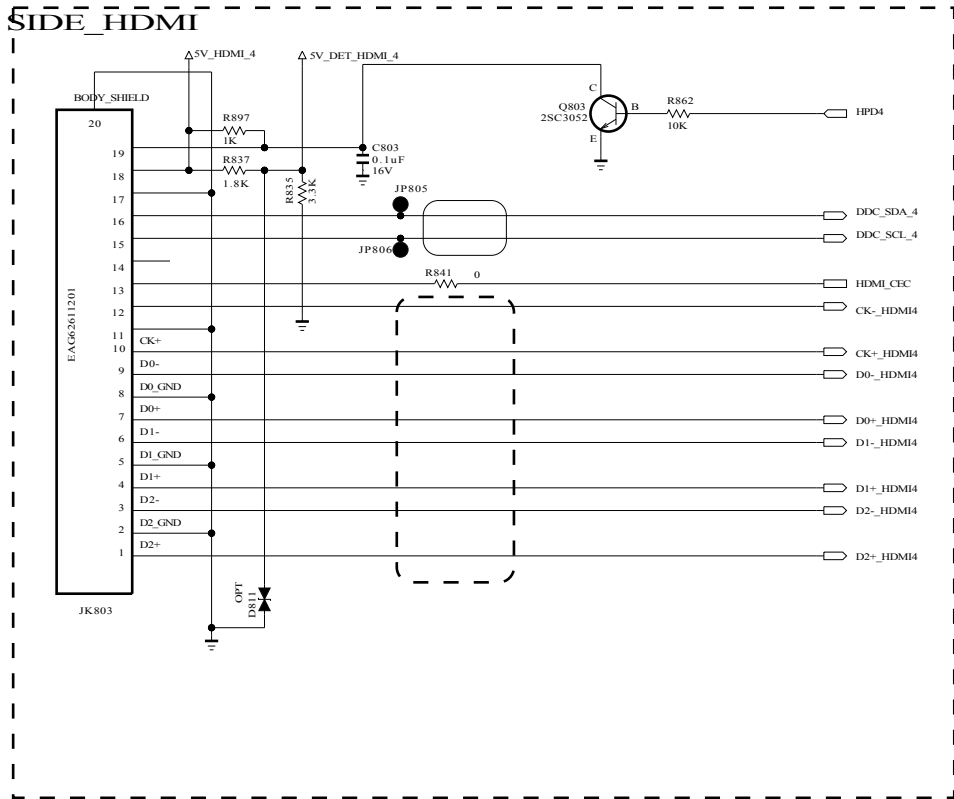
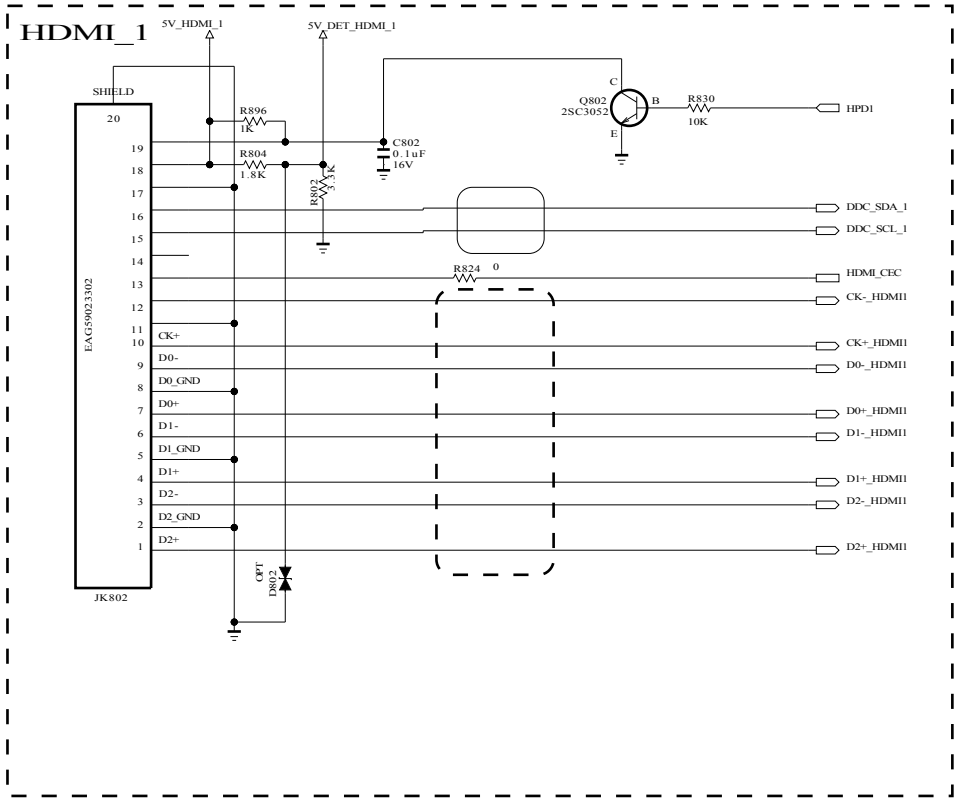


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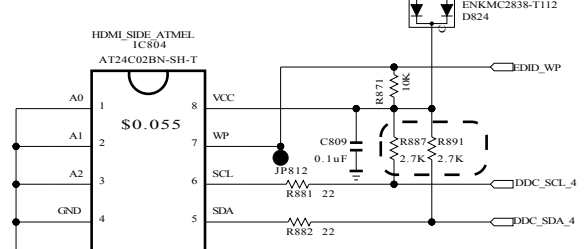
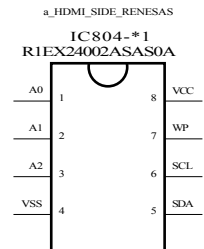
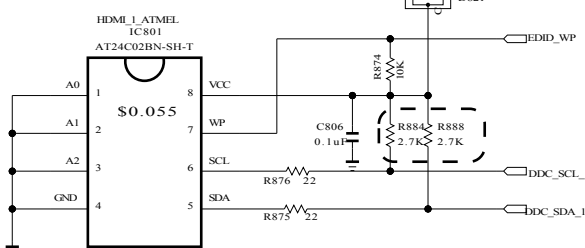
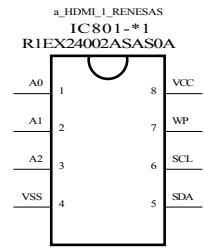
SECRET
LGElectronics



MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	IR/CONTROL-L	SHEET	6 /



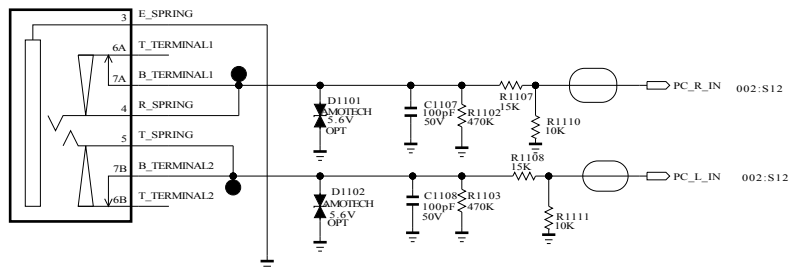
HDMI EEPROM



RGB/SPDIF/PC

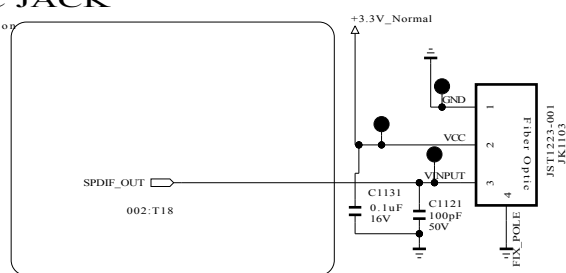
PC AUDIO

JK1102
PEJ027-01

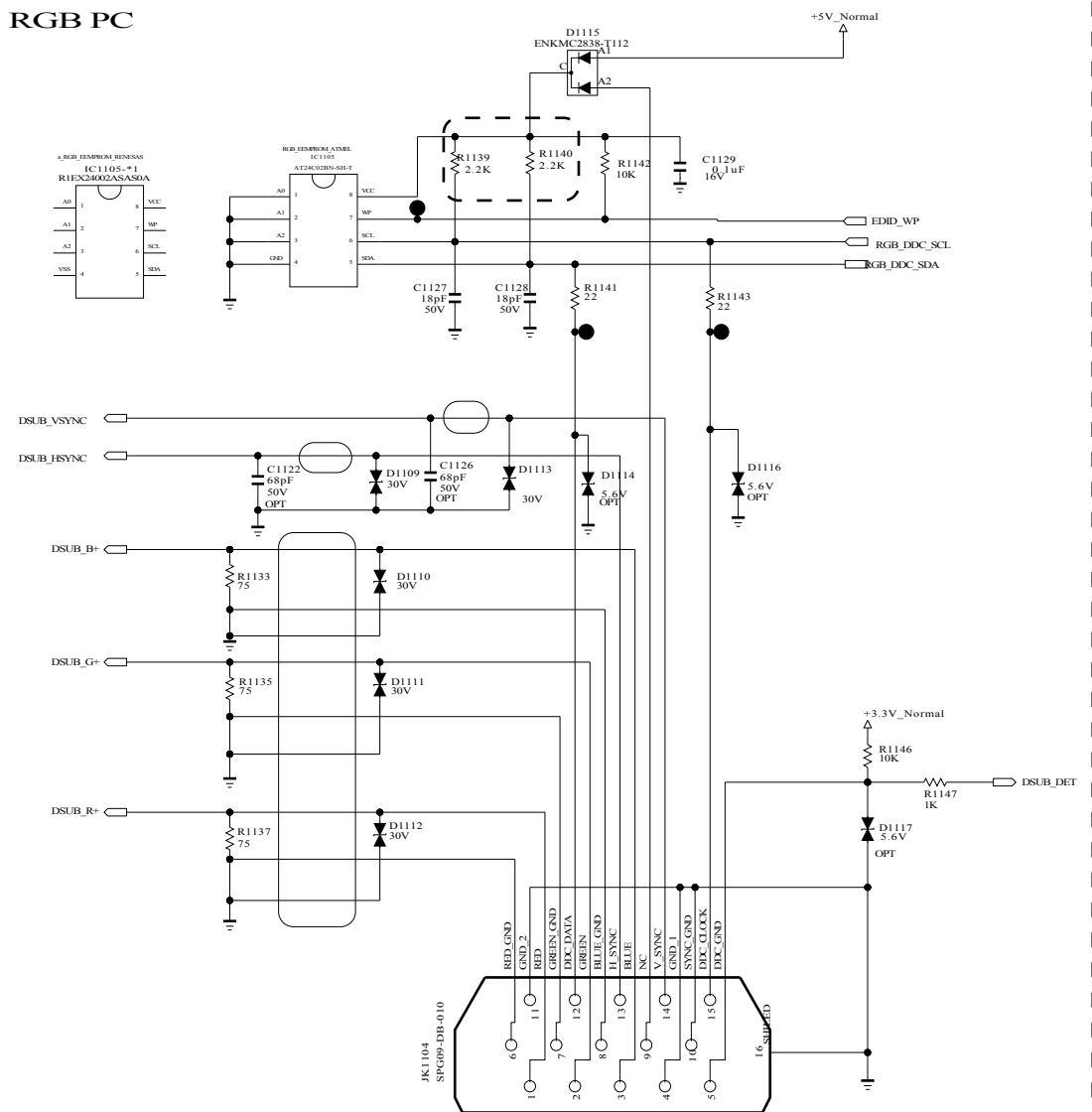


SPDIF OPTIC JACK

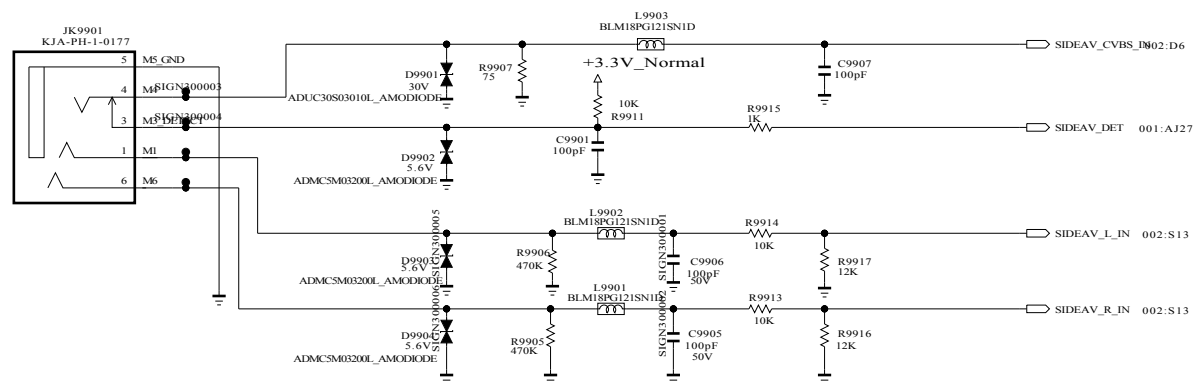
5.15 Mstar Circuit Application





RGB PC



SIDE CVBS PHONE JACK (New Item Development)



THE  SYMBOL MARK OF THIS SCHEMATIC DIAGRAM INCORPORATES SPECIAL FEATURES IMPORTANT FOR PROTECTION FROM X-RADIATION. FILRE AND ELECTRICAL SHOCK HAZARDS, WHEN SERVICING IF IS ESSENTIAL THAT ONLY MANUFACTURES SPECIFIED PARTS BE USED FOR THE CRITICAL COMPONENTS IN THE  SYMBOL MARK OF THE SCHEMATIC.

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LG Electronics



MODEL

GP2R

DATE

20101023

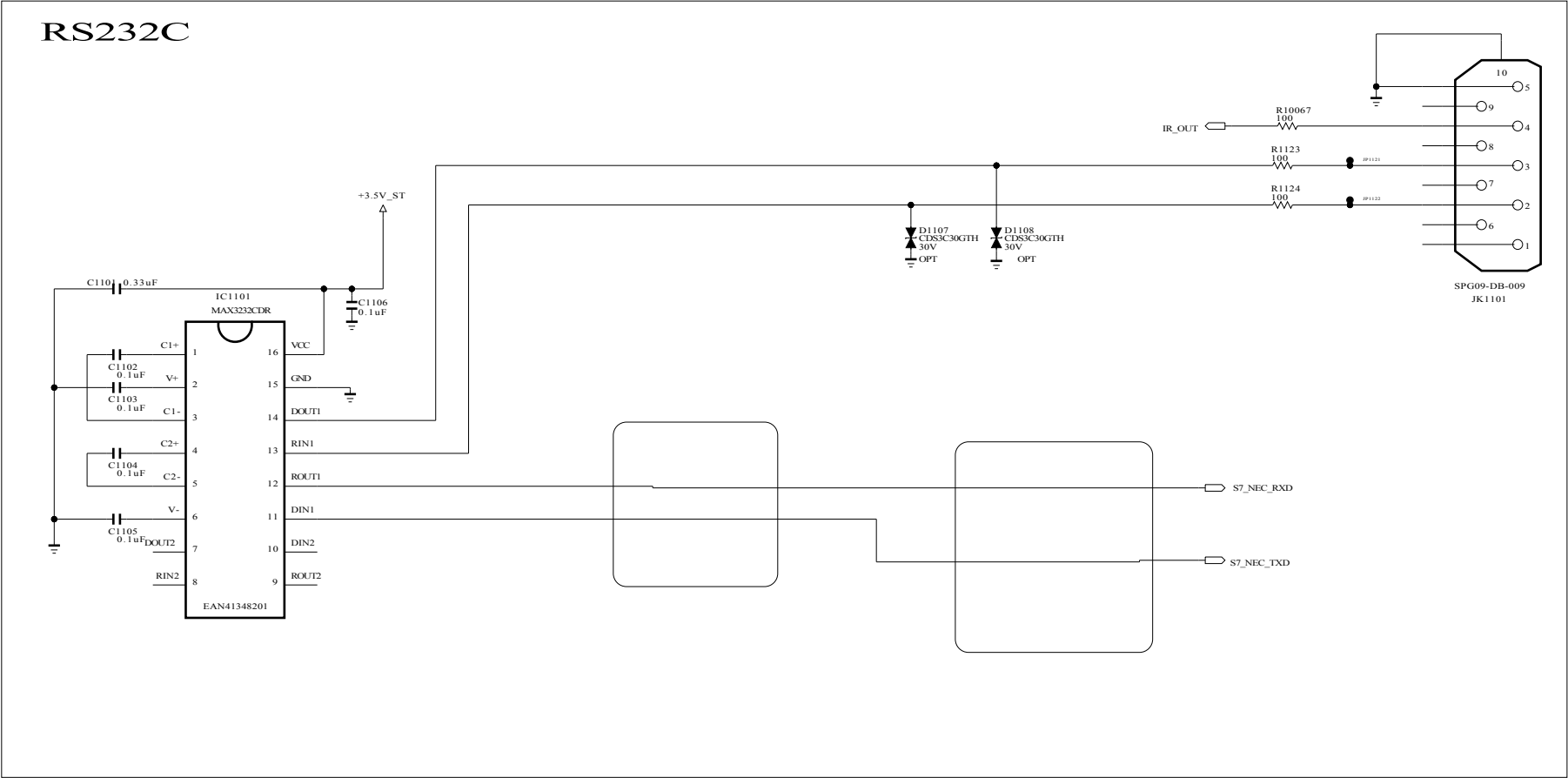
BLOCK



RGB/SP

SHEET

9 /

RS232C

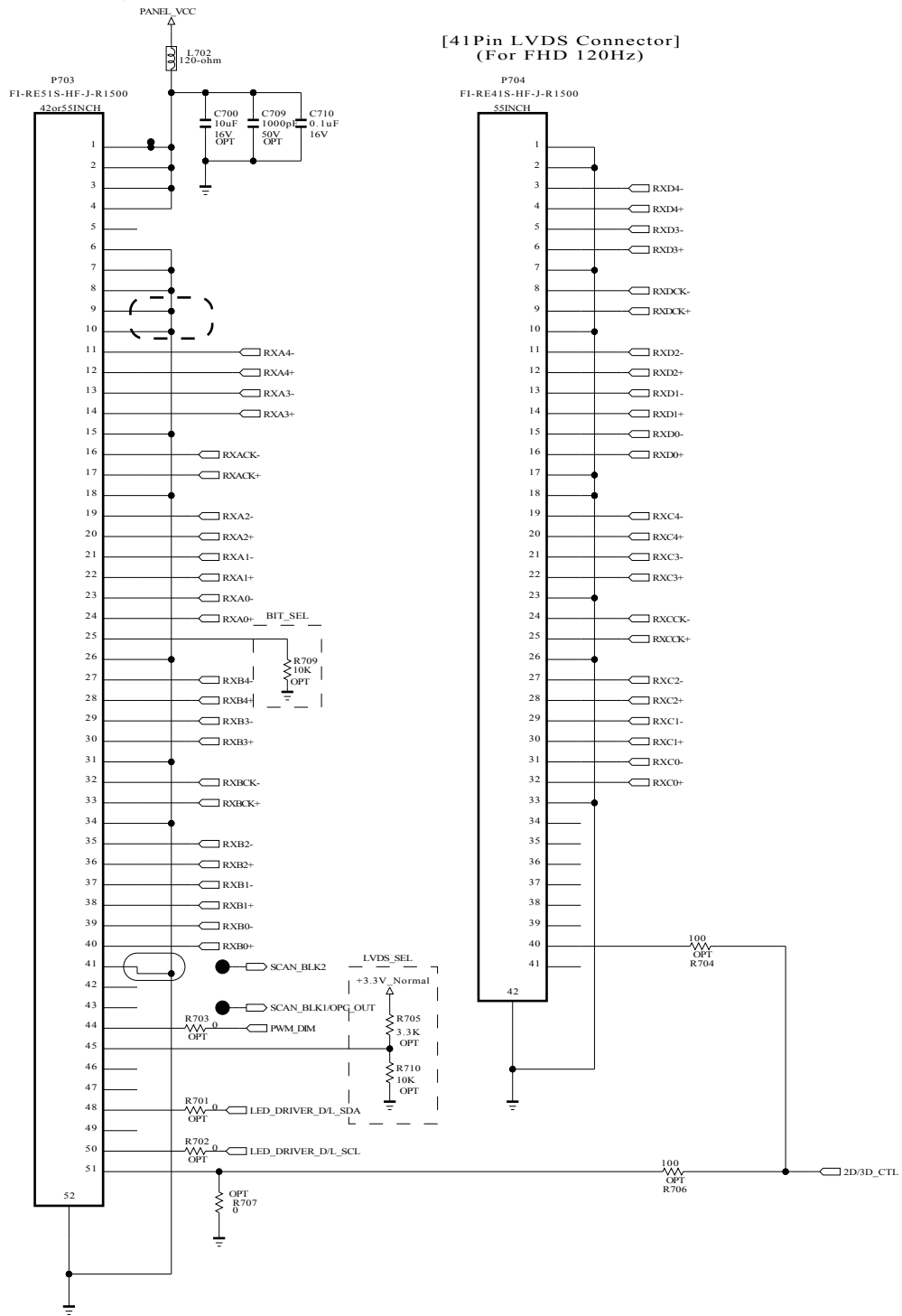


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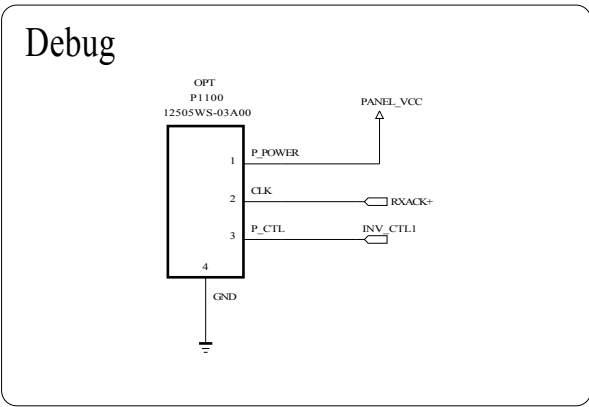
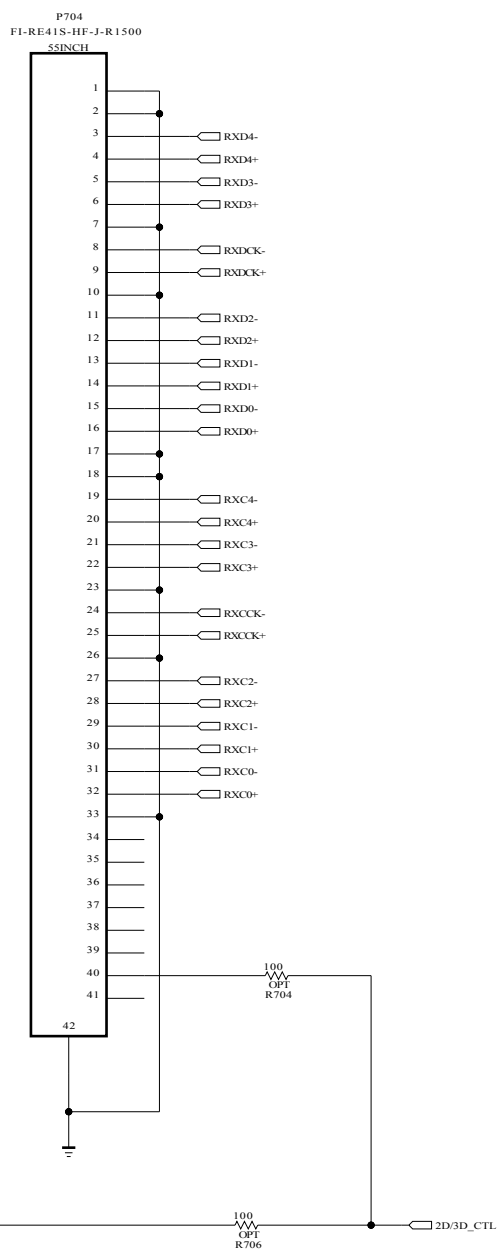
SECRET	 LG ELECTRONICS
LGElectronics	



MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	RS232C_9PIN	SHEET	10 /

[51Pin LVDS Connector]
(For FHD 60/120Hz)



[41Pin LVDS Connector]
(For FHD 120Hz)



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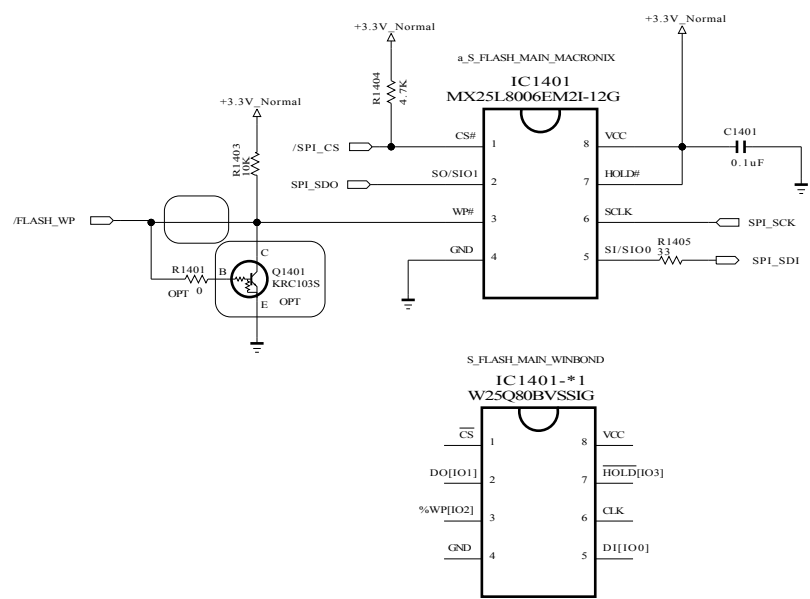
SECRET



LGElectronics

 LG ELECTRONICS

MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	LVDS_LARGE	SHEET	11 /

FLASH



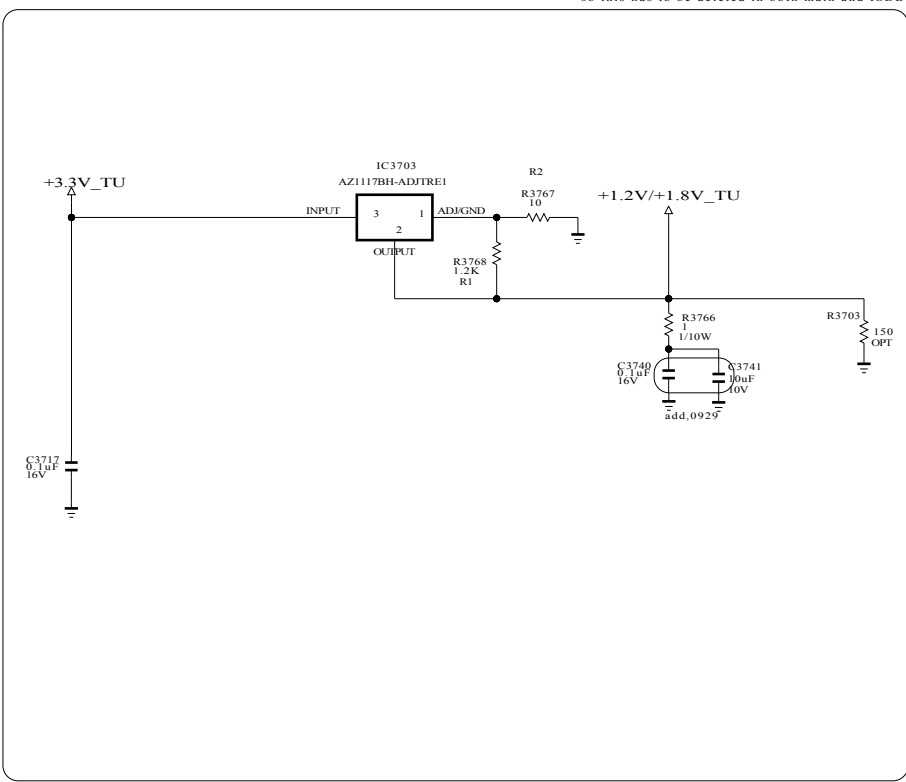
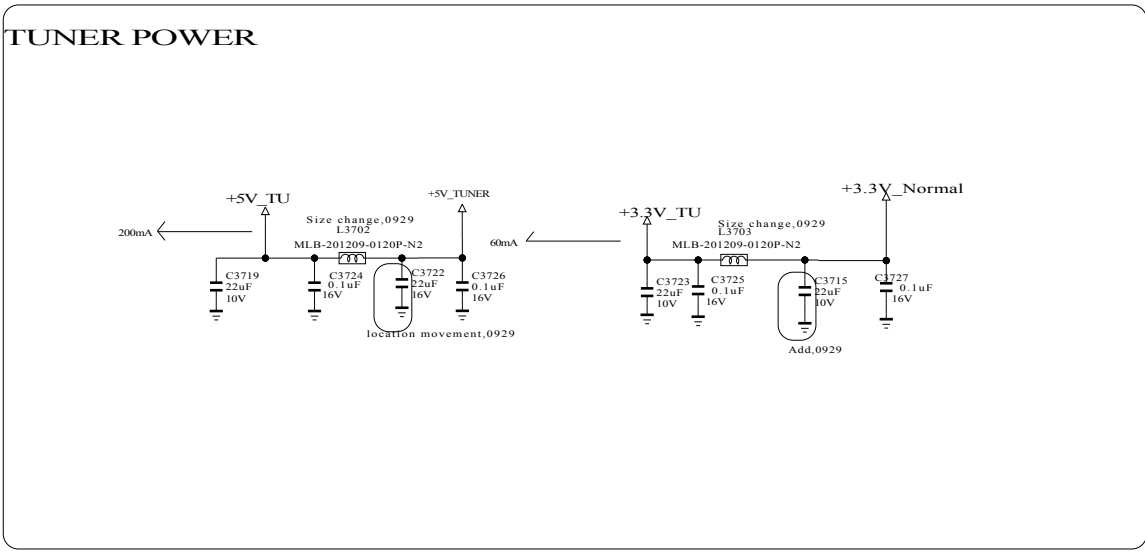
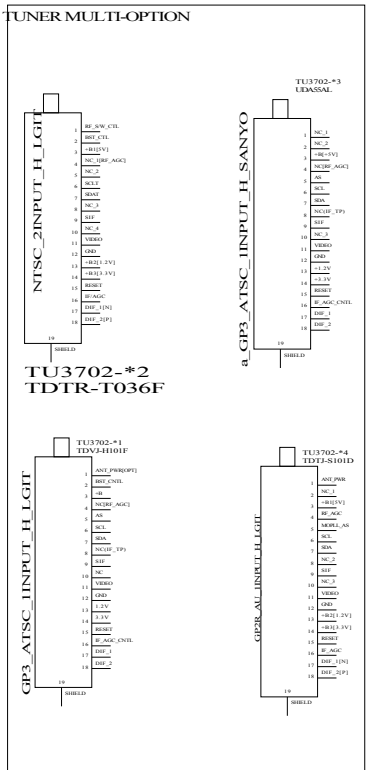
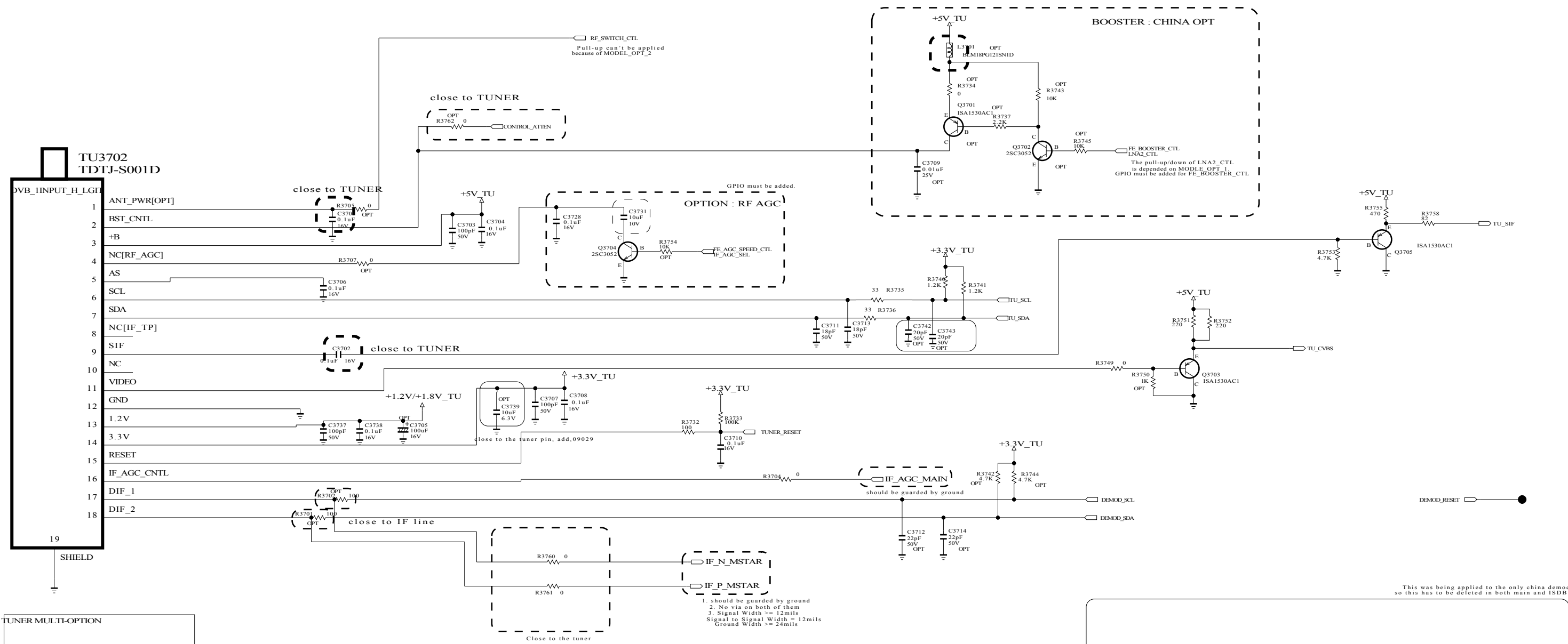
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MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCKS	FLASH_1MB	SHEET	13 /

GP2R_GLOBAL_TUNER_BLOCK



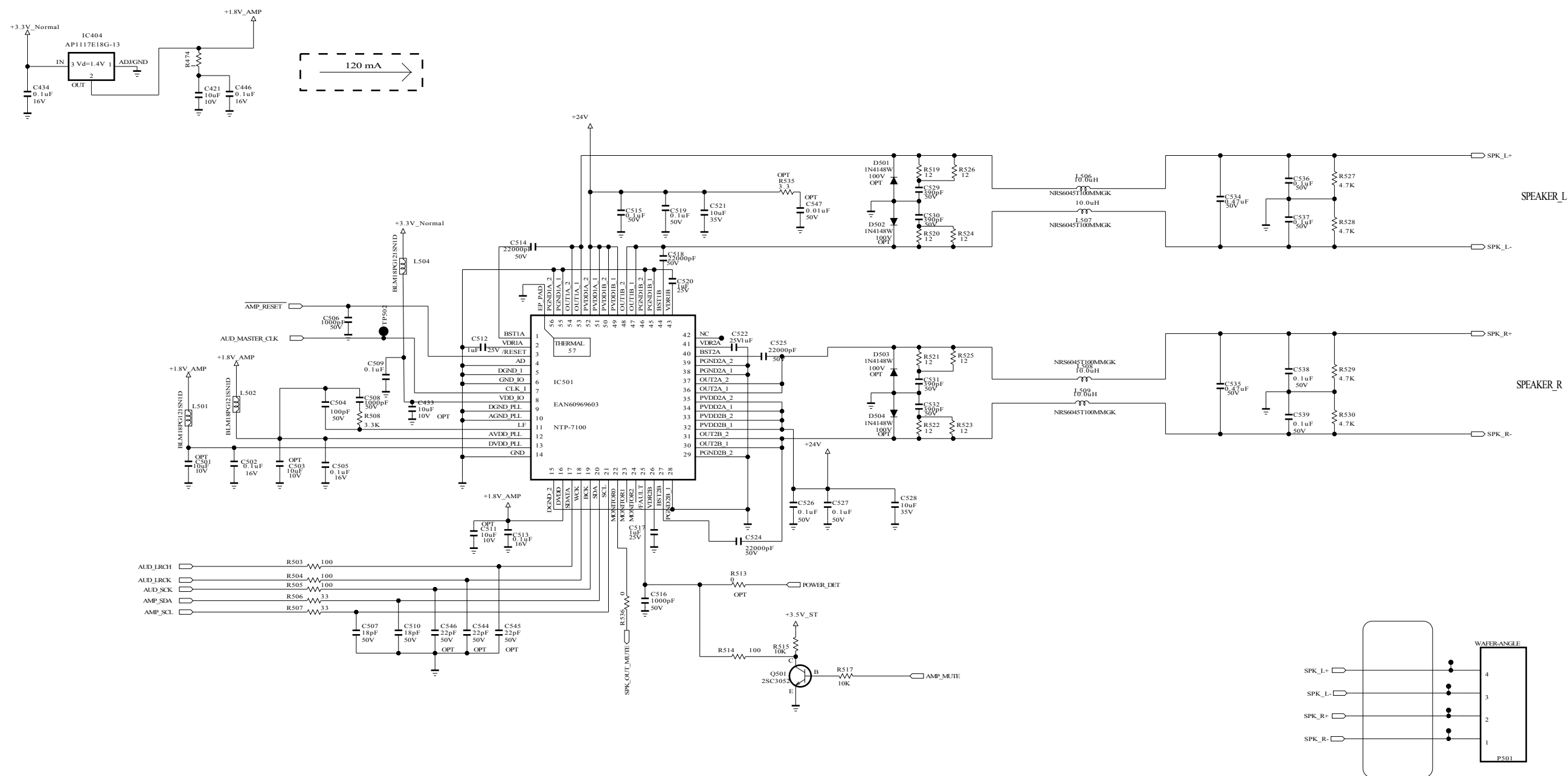
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SECRET

LG Electronics

LG ELECTRONICS

MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	TUNER L	SHEET	14 /



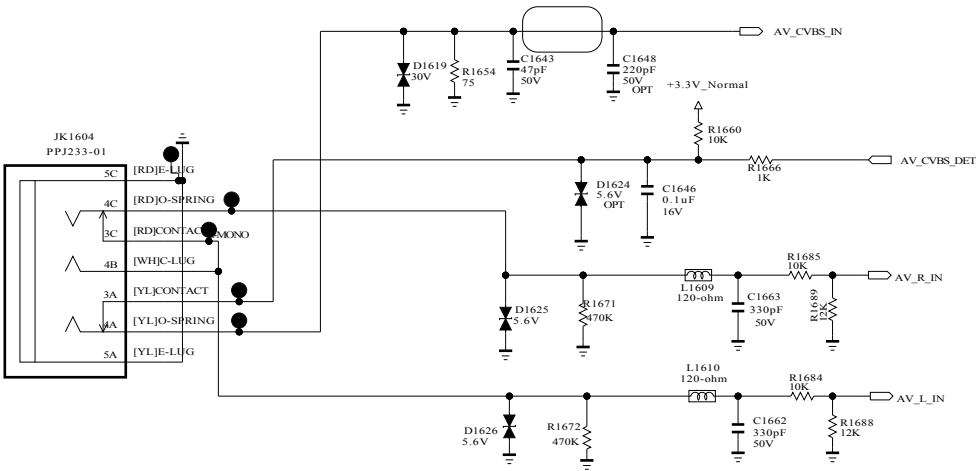
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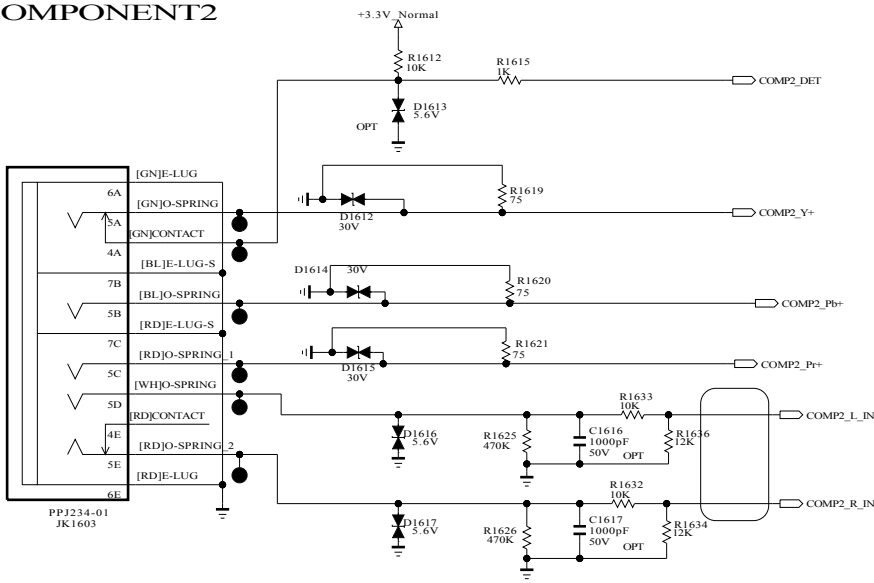
LG ELECTRONICS

MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	AMP_NTP	SHEET	16 /

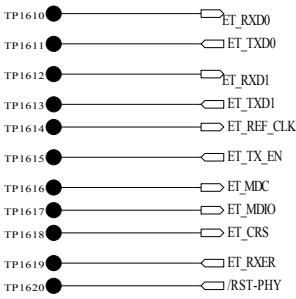
Rear AV





COMPONENT2



ETHERNET FOR DVB_T2



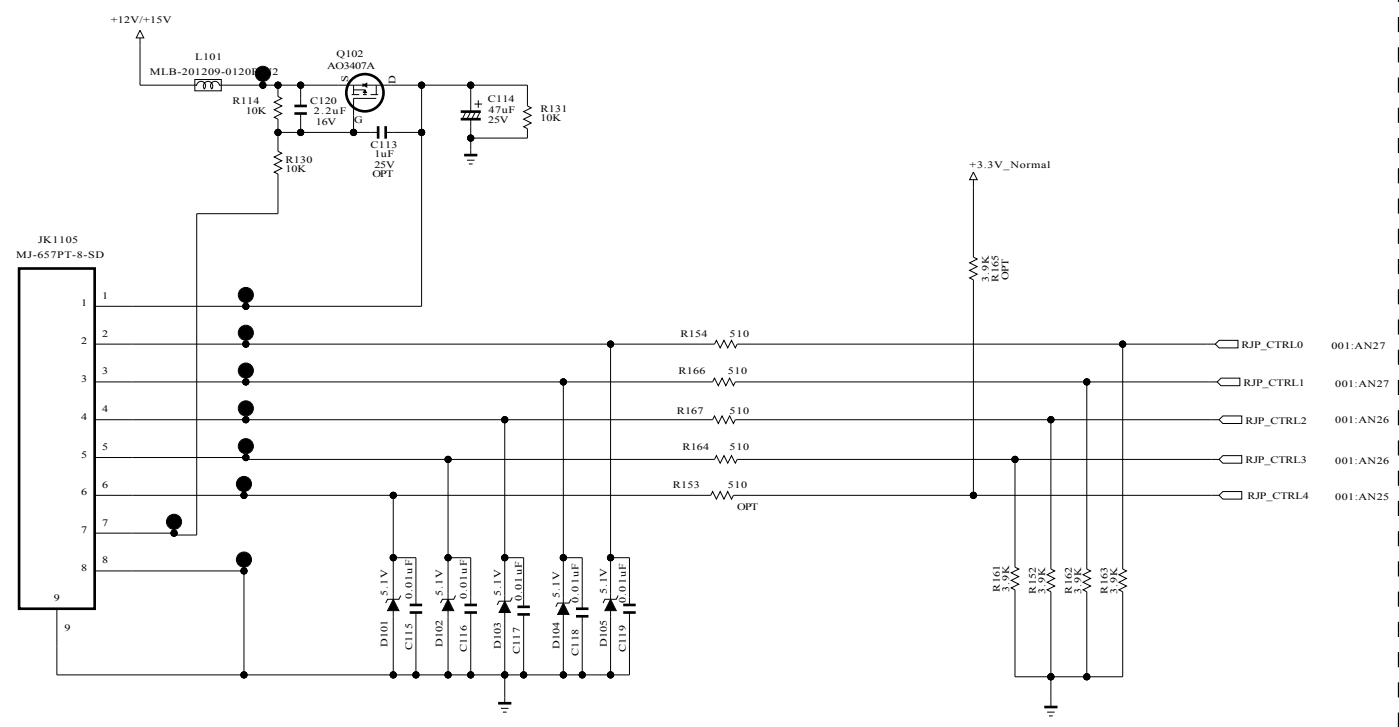
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MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	REAR JACK	SHEET	17 /

RJP



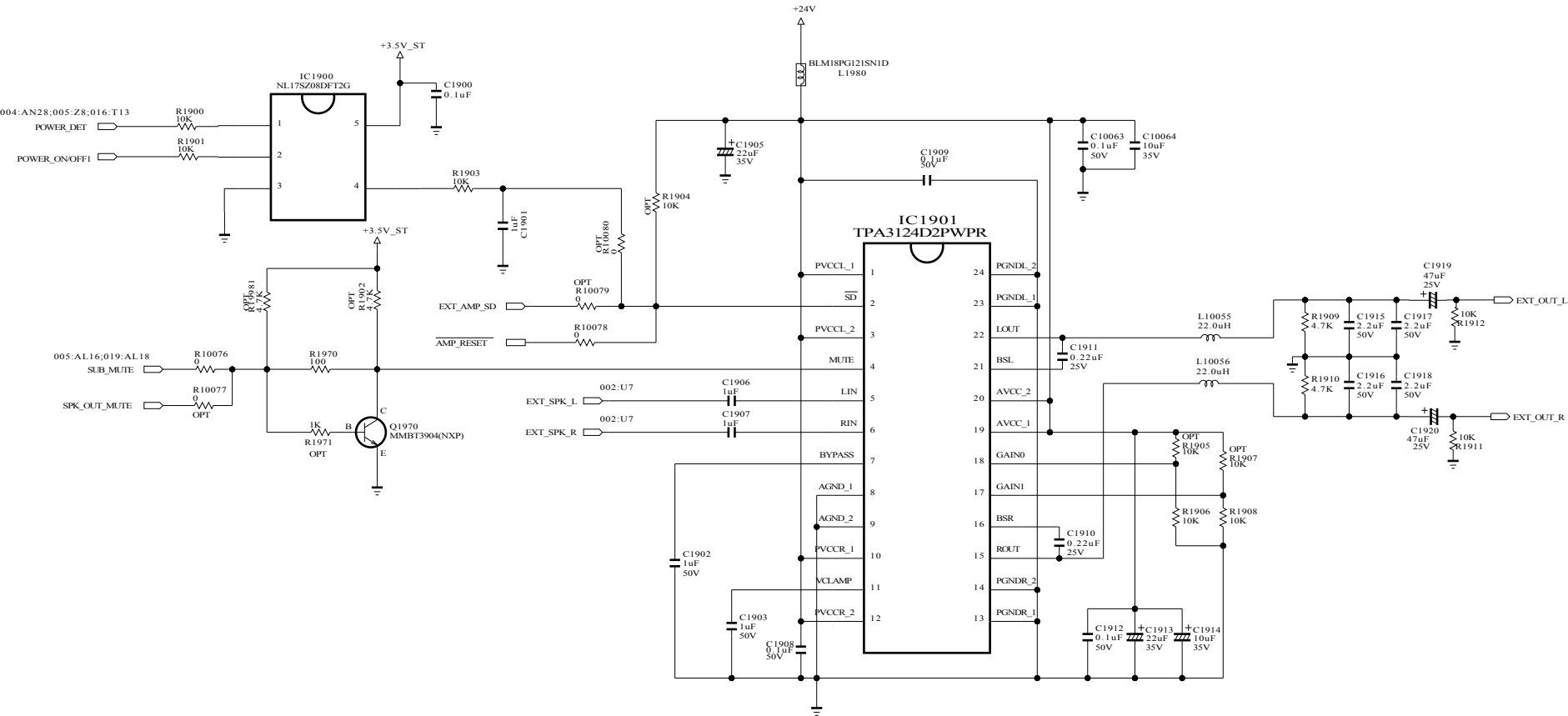
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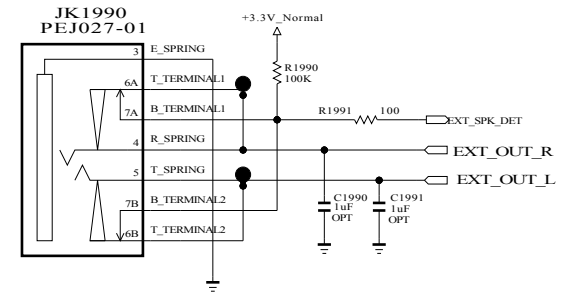


MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	SIDE_JACK	SHEET	18 /

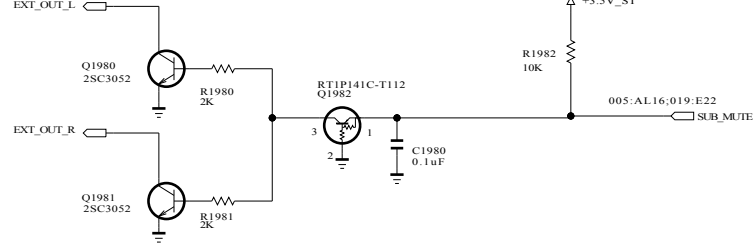
EXT_SPEAKER OUT





EXT_SPEAKER



EXT_SPEAKER_MUTE



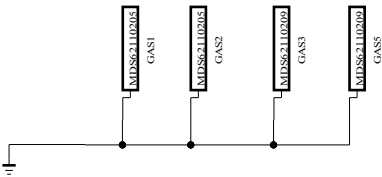
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MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	PCMCI	SHEET	20 /

SMD GASKET



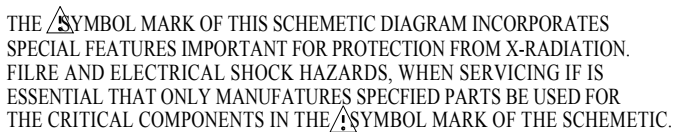
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MODEL	GP2R	DATE	20101023
BLOCK	SMD_GAS	SHEET	20 /



LG Electronics



